# Lincoln County School District No. 2

Financial Report June 30, 2020

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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Board of Trustees Lincoln County School District No. 2 Afton, Wyoming 83110

# Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Lincoln County School District No. 2, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### **Auditor's Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Opinion**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Lincoln County School District No. 2 as of June 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Other Matters**

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, schedule of changes in total OPEB liability and related ratios, and schedules of employer's share of net pension liability and employer contributions-WRS public employees' pension plan on pages 4 through 12 and 50 through 58 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Lincoln County School District No. 2's basic financial statements. The accompanying statement of changes in assets and liabilities-agency funds and schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance), are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The statement of changes in assets and liabilities-agency funds and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the statement of changes in assets and

liabilities-agency funds and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

# Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

Searle Hart T associates PLLC

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 9, 2020, on our consideration of Lincoln County School District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Lincoln County School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Rexburg, Idaho

December 9, 2020

This section of the District's annual financial report presents management's discussion and analysis of the District's financial performance during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. It should be read in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which immediately follow this section.

#### **Financial Highlights**

- The District's overall financial net position increased over the prior year.
- The District's ending net position was approximately \$44.2million.
- The cost of basic programs in the governmental was approximately \$46.6 million
- Revenues in the governmental activities was approximately \$50 million
- The net position for governmental activities increase by approximately \$1.4 million.
- The net position for business-type activities decreased by approximately \$209 thousand.
- The District's enrollment (ADM) increased 53.877 district-wide per Wyoming Department of Education (WDE) 100 report(s) 2018-19 to 2019-20 in a year-to-year comparison.

#### **Overview of the Financial Statements**

This annual report consists of three parts: management's discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, and required supplementary information. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the District:

- The first two statements are *district-wide financial statements* that provide both *short-term* and *long-term* information about the District's *overall* financial status.
- The remaining statements are *fund financial statements* that focus on *individual parts* of the District, reporting the District's operations in *more detail* than the district-wide statements.
- The *governmental funds statements* provide information that shows how basic services such as regular and special education were financed in the *short term* as well as what remains for future spending.
- *Proprietary funds* statements offer *short-term* and *long-term* financial information about the activities the District operates *like businesses*, such as food services.
- *Fiduciary funds* statements provide information about the financial relationships in which the District acts solely as a *trustee* or *agent* for the benefit of others.

The basic financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the statements and provide more detailed data. The basic financial statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information that further explains and supports the financial statements with a comparison to the District's budgets for the year. Figure A-1 shows how the various parts of this annual report are arranged and relate to one another.

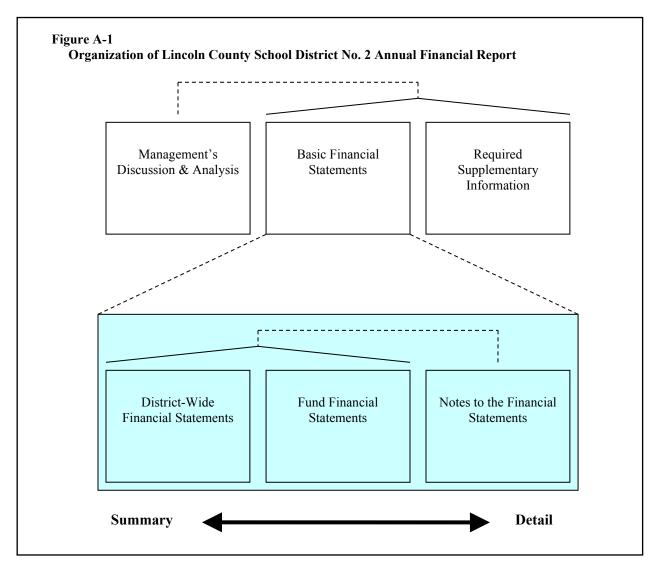


Figure A-2 summarizes the major features of the District's basic financial statements, including the portion of the District's activities they cover and the types of information they contain. The remainder of this overview section of management's discussion and analysis highlights the structure and contents of each of the statements.

Figure A-2 Major Features of the District-Wide and Fund Financial Statements						
		Fund Financial Statements				
	District-Wide Statements	Governmental Funds	Proprietary Funds	Fiduciary Funds		
Scope	Entire District (except fiduciary funds)	The activities of the District that are not proprietary or fiduciary, such as special education and building maintenance	Activities the District operates similarly to private businesses, such as food services	Instances in which the District administers resources on behalf of someone else, such as student activities and employee monies		
Required financial statements	<ul> <li>Statement of net position</li> <li>Statement of activities</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Balance sheet</li> <li>Statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Statement of net position</li> <li>Statement of revenues, expenses and changes in fund net position</li> <li>Statement of cash flows</li> </ul>	Statement of fiduciary net position		
Accounting basis and measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus		
Type of asset/liability information	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, short-term and long-term	Generally, assets expected to be used and liabilities that come due during the year or soon thereafter; no capital assets or long-term liabilities included	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, short-term and long-term	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, short-term and long-term		
Type of inflow/outflow information	All revenues and expenses during the year, regardless of when cash is received	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year; expenditures when goods or services have been received and the related liability is due and payable	All revenues and expenses during the year, regardless of when cash is received	All additions and deletions during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid		

#### District-Wide Statements

The district-wide statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The Statement of Net Position – District-Wide includes all of the District's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the Statement of Activities – District-Wide regardless of when cash is received or paid. The two district-wide statements report the District's *net position* and how they have changed. Net position (the difference between the District's assets and liabilities) is one way to measure the District's financial health or financial position.

- Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position are an indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- To assess the District's overall health, one should consider additional non-financial factors such as changes in the District's enrollment and the condition of school buildings and other facilities.

In the district-wide financial statements, the District's activities are divided into two categories:

- Governmental activities: Most of the District's basic services are included in this category, such as regular, vocational, and special education, pupil and staff services, central and school administration and transportation. Property taxes and the State Foundation Program finance most of these activities.
- Business-type activities: The District charges fees to help cover the costs of certain services it provides. The District's food services are included in this category.

#### Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's funds, focusing on its most significant or "major" funds, rather than the District as a whole. Funds are accounting devices the District uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending on particular programs. Certain funds are required by state law and by bond covenants, while the District establishes other funds to control and manage money for particular purposes (such as repaying its long-term debts) or to show that it is properly using certain revenues (such as federal grants).

The District has three types of funds:

Governmental funds: Most of the District's basic services are included in governmental funds, which generally focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances remaining at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental funds statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the district-wide statements, additional reconciling statements explain the relationship (or differences) between them.

*Proprietary funds:* Services for which the District charges a fee are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds are reported in the same way as the district-wide statements. The District's *enterprise fund* (one type of proprietary fund) is the same as its business-type activities but provides more detail and additional information, such as cash flows.

#### Fund Financial Statements, Continued

Fiduciary funds: The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for assets that belong to others, such as the student activities funds. The District is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used only for their intended purposes and by those to whom the assets belong. The District excludes these activities from the district-wide financial statements because it cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

#### Financial Analysis for the District as a Whole

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the District, assets exceeded liabilities by \$44.2 million at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

- The largest portion of the District's net position reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, vehicles, and equipment net of accumulated depreciation), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The District uses these capital assets to provide services to students; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate those liabilities.
- An additional portion of the District's net position (less than 1%) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The restricted balance is for the purpose of purchasing or replacing specified equipment and or capital improvements under W.S. 21-13.504.
- The remaining balance of unrestricted net position may be used to meet the District's obligations to students, employees and creditors and to honor the next year's budget.

#### Financial Analysis for the District as a Whole, Continued

Table 1 shows a summary of the District's Statement of Net Position as of June 30, 2019 and 2020.

Table 1 (in thousands) Summary Statement of Net Position as of June 30, 2020						
	Govern	mental	Busine	ss-Type	Tot	al
	Activ	ities	Acti	vities	School I	District
	2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019
Current and other assets	\$ 13,328	\$ 12,832	\$81	\$53	\$ 13,409	\$ 12,885
Noncurrent assets	64,132	65,243	18	22	64,150	65,265
Total assets	77,460	78,075	99	75	77,559	78,150
Deferred outflows	4,832	8,654	116	140	4,948	8,794
Current liabilities	3,688	4,085	68	38	3,756	4,123
Long-term liabilities	29,448	38,899	705	629	30,153	39,528
Total liabilities	33,136	42,984	773	667	33,909	43,651
Deferred inflows	4,974	977	119	16	5,093	993
Net position:						
Invested in capital assets net of related debt	64 122	65 242	10	22	64.150	65.261
Restricted	64,132	65,242	18	22	64,150 1,666	65,264
Unrestricted	1,666 (21,616)	(22,474)	(695)	(490)	(22,311)	(22,964)
Total net position	\$ 44,182	\$ 42,768	\$(677)	\$(468)	\$43,505	\$42,300

The District's total net position increase by approximately \$1.2 million during the current year. The increase is mostly due the decrease in long-term liabilities under accounts payable and accrued expenses.

Statement No. 68 establishes standards for measuring and recognizing liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, and deferred inflows of resources, and expense/expenditures. For defined benefit pensions, this Statement identifies the methods and assumptions that should be used to project benefit payments, discount projected benefit payments to their actuarial present value, and attribute that present value to periods of employee service.

Statement No. 67, Financial Reporting for Pension Plans, revises existing standards of financial reporting

for most pension plans. Statement 68 and Statement 67 establish a definition of a pension plan that reflects the primary activities associated with the pension arrangement—determining pensions, accumulating and managing assets dedicated for pensions, and paying benefits to plan members as they come due.

#### **Governmental Activities**

The State Foundation Funding Guarantee is based largely on Average Daily Membership (ADM). One student attending the schools in the District for the entire school year counts as one ADM. The State of Wyoming provides a funding guarantee based on the State Foundation Program (the funding model used by the State to determine school district funding levels). If local resources such as property taxes and tuition revenues charged for out-of-state students do not reach the funding guarantee provided by the State, the State makes up the difference with an entitlement grant. In the current year, the State Foundation entitlement grant decreased from 73.1% to 71.2% totaled approximately of District's total funding for governmental activities. Other highlights include:

- The revenue of all *governmental* activities this year was \$50 million.
- The District recognized \$123 thousand from the School Facilities Commission that was used to
  pay for facility modifications (including grade configurations), comprehensive facility plans,
  design and construction work, land acquisitions for new school facilities, or capital improvements
  to existing facilities.
- The District received approximately \$1.6 million from the state for major maintenance projects for school facilities.
- In addition to the amounts identified above, the federal and state governments subsidized certain programs with additional grants and contributions \$1.9 million.
- The two largest revenue amounts were local property taxes collected at \$11.2 million under (W.S. 21-13-303 and 39-13-104(a)(iv)) and the State of Wyoming Foundation guarantee at \$31.7 million. Other local and county sources totaled \$3.2 million
- Investment earnings and miscellaneous revenues totaled approximately \$86,357.

#### **Business-Type Activities**

On a cash basis revenues of the District's business-type activities (i.e., its school lunch program) were \$896 thousand with expenses of \$982 thousand with a \$86 thousand-dollar transfer from General Fund required.

#### Financial Analysis of the District's Funds

The General Fund decreased its fund balance by \$490 thousand to a total fund balance of \$10.7 million. The decrease in fund balance was on planned capital improvements. The district conservatively estimated revenues, and stayed within budget constraints for expenses, overall a good year.

The Debt Service Fund - The District has completed paying its general obligation bonds.

The fund balance for the Major Maintenance Fund increased to \$1.5 million on an accrual bases accounting. Major Maintenance fund balance can be carried year-to-year.

#### Financial Analysis of the District's Funds, Continued

The Restricted Fund balance was used for

- Career Technical Center addition at Star Valley High School
- Phase I roof membrane replacement at Star Valley High School
- District-wide camera upgrade
- District-wide door monitoring upgrade
- District-wide heating management controls

Local, State and Federal Grants Funds account for various federal and state grants. Federal grant monies are earned by the District when the District expends money on the programs related to the grants; therefore, federal revenues equal federal expenditures, with any fund balance being related to state grant monies.

#### **Capital Assets and Debt Administration**

#### Capital Assets

At the end of the 2020 fiscal year, the District had invested approximately \$64.1 million in a broad range of capital assets, including school buildings, athletic facilities, land, vehicles, and equipment. This amount represents a net decrease of approximately \$1.1 million from June 30, 2019.

#### Long-Term Debt

At year-end, the District had no general obligation bonds outstanding.

#### **Factors Bearing on the District's Future**

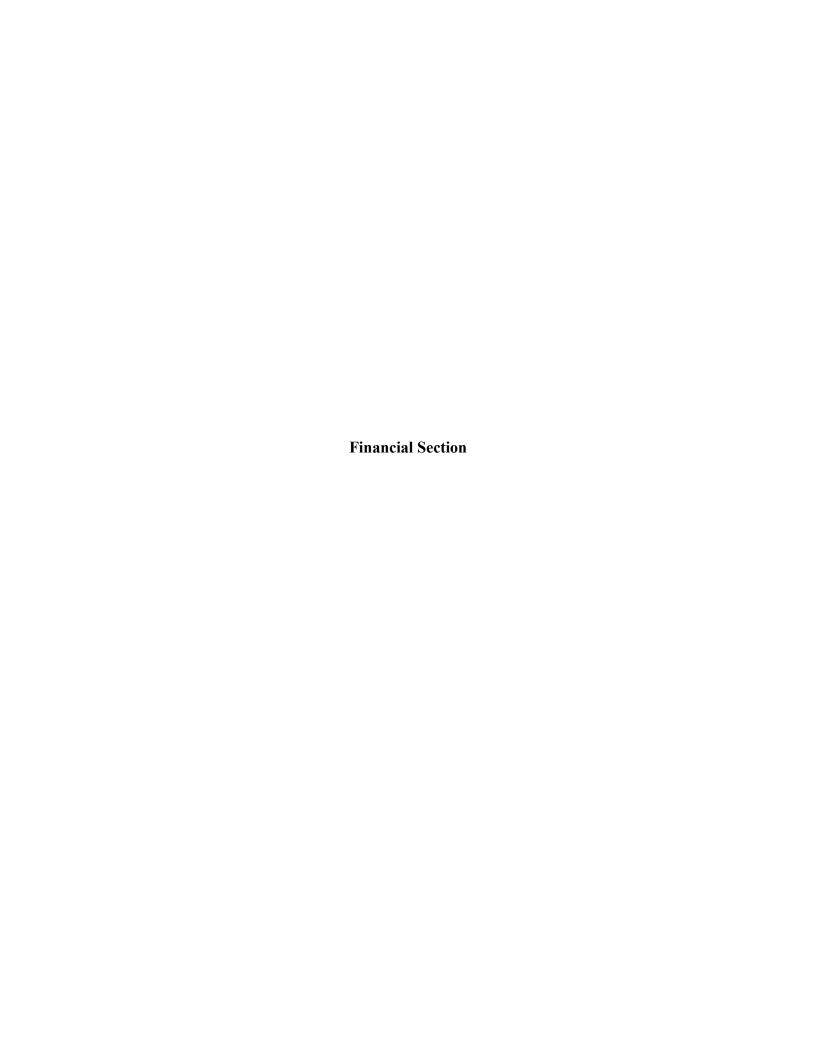
At the time these financial statements were prepared and audited, the District was aware of two circumstance that could significantly affect its future financial health:

- Possible reduction in Wyoming Funding Model 3(a). The select committee shall undertake a study to recalibrate the education resource block grant model as required by W.S. 21-13-309(t) to determine if modifications are necessary to ensure the model remains cost-based in light of changing conditions and modifications to law. The select committee may work with professional consultant experts for model recalibration. The legislative service office, subject to the approval of management council, shall retain professional consulting experts for the purposes of this act.
- COVID-19 pandemic induced financial strain. The district funding has been "held harmless" to this point. The district(s) and the State of Wyoming are still trying to understand the full effects of COVID-19 and the sharp declines in mineral resource revenues. This decline in revenues will cause the district to incorporate budget cuts to staffing and or programs to balance the budget.

# **Contacting the District's Financial Management**

This financial report is designed to provide the District's citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Business Office, Lincoln County School District No. 2, at 360 Jefferson Avenue, Afton, Wyoming 83110.





# LINCOLN COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT #2 STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2020

June 30, 2020	GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES		
ASSETS	<u> </u>	Remittles		
Cash and equivalents	\$ 12,793,861	\$ 200		
Accounts receivable	<u>-</u>	-		
Taxes receivable	-	<del>-</del>		
Internal Balances	-	<del>-</del>		
Due from Other Governmental Agencies	497,006	-		
Inventories	-	80,337		
Postemployment Benefit Asset	36,766	594		
Capital assets				
Construction in progress	-	-		
Land and improvements not being depreciated	2,063,251	-		
Buildings	114,086,583	-		
Equipment and vehicles	11,551,750	306,244		
Less: accumulated depreciation	(63,569,061)	(287,863)		
Total Capital Assets	64,132,523	18,381		
TOTAL ASSETS	77,460,156	99,512		
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Expenses unavailable for use	4,832,814	115,762		
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	709,344	<del>-</del>		
Salaries and benefits payable	77,586	11,222		
Deferred Revenues	-	56,701		
Long-term liabilities				
Due within one year				
Compensated absences	870,298	-		
Due in more than one year				
Compensated absences	2,030,694	-		
Net pension liability	29,448,143	705,383		
TOTAL LIABILITIES	33,136,065	773,306		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Revenue unavailable for use	4,974,669	119,160		
NET POSITION				
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	64,132,523	18,381		
Restricted for:				
Capital construction	-	-		
Major maintenance	1,666,507	-		
Unrestricted	(21,616,794)	(695,573)		
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 44,182,236	\$ (677,192)		

_	TOTAL PRIMARY VERNMENT
\$	12,794,061
	- -
	497,006
	80,337
	37,360
	2,063,251
	114,086,583
	11,857,994
	(63,856,924)
	64,150,904
	77,559,668
	4.040.576
	4,948,576
	709,344
	88,808
	56,701
	870,298
	2,030,694
	30,153,526
	33,909,371
	5,093,829
	64,150,904
	1,666,507
	(22,312,367)
\$	43,505,044

#### LINCOLN COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT #2 STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities
Governmental Activities:  Regular instruction Special instruction Vocational instruction  Total instruction	\$ 17,492,753 8,457,256 66,116 26,016,125	\$ -	\$ 891,909 157,649 67,916 1,117,474	\$ (16,600,844) (8,299,607) 1,800 (24,898,651)
Pupil services Staff services Central administration School administration Business administration General maintenance Transportation services Food services Community support Depreciation  Total support services	3,254,985 2,715,712 549,404 2,377,375 502,389 5,334,005 3,547,363 2,220 574 4,257,312 22,541,339	- - - - - - - - - -	881,821	(3,254,985) (1,833,891) (549,404) (2,377,375) (502,389) (5,334,005) (3,547,363) (2,220) (574) (4,257,312) (21,659,518)
TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES  Business-Type Activities: Food services  TOTAL BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES	1,255,071 1,255,071	373,301 373,301	1,999,295 586,246 586,246	(46,558,169)
TOTAL SCHOOL DISTRICT	\$ 49,812,535 \$ 373,301 \$ 2,585,541  General revenues: Property taxes, levied for general purposes Other county sources Other local sources State and federal revenue Unrestricted investment earnings Special item - gain (loss) on sale of assets Transfers			11,200,633 712,663 2,498,871 33,559,674 73,227 13,130 (86,185)
	TOTAL GENERAL			47,972,013
	Change in ne Net position - Beginn	•		1,413,844
	NET POSITION - E	Ending		\$ 44,182,236

Business-Type Activities	Total Primary Government
	\$ (16,600,844) (8,299,607) 1,800
	(24,898,651)
	(3,254,985) (1,833,891) (549,404) (2,377,375) (502,389) (5,334,005) (3,547,363) (2,220) (574) (4,257,312) (21,659,518) (46,558,169)
\$ (295,524)	(295,524)
(295,524)	(295,524)
(295,524)	(46,853,693)
- - - - - 86,185	11,200,633 712,663 2,498,871 33,559,674 73,227 13,130
86,185	48,058,198
(209,339)	1,204,505
(467,853)	42,300,539
\$ (677,192)	\$ 43,505,044

# LINCOLN COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT #2 BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2020

June 30, 2020	GEN	ERAL FUND	CONS	APITAL STRUCTION FUND		MAJOR NTENANCE FUND
ASSETS	_		_		_	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	10,501,702	\$	461,163	\$	1,830,996
Cash in custody of County Treasurer Taxes receivable, net		-		-		-
Interfund receivable		373,571		_		-
Receivable from other governments		-		_		_
Other receivables		86,342				
TOTAL ASSETS		10,961,615		461,163		1,830,996
<b>DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES</b> Expenditures unavailable for use		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u> _
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$	10,961,615	\$	461,163	\$	1,830,996
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES						
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable	\$	192,157	\$	337,155	\$	164,489
Interfund payable		-		-		-
Deferred revenue		56,036		-		-
Other accrued expenses		30,030		<del>-</del>		<u>-</u>
TOTAL LIABILITIES		248,193		337,155		164,489
<b>DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES</b> Expenditures unavailable for use		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u> _
FUND BALANCES Restricted for:						
Construction, maintenance, and renovation <b>Assigned to:</b>		3,568,415		-		-
Major maintenance		7 145 007		124,000		1,666,507
Unassigned Permanent Endowment Fund		7,145,007		124,008		<u> </u>
TOTAL FUND BALANCES		10,713,422		124,008		1,666,507
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	10,961,615	\$	461,163	\$	1,830,996

LOCAL, AND FEI GRAN	DERAL	GOV	TOTAL ERNMENTAL FUNDS
\$	-	\$	12,793,861
	-		-
	-		272 571
	410.664		373,571 410,664
	410,664		86,342
			00,542
	410,664		13,664,438
			<u>-</u>
\$	410,664	¢	12 664 428
\$	410,004	\$	13,664,438
\$	15,543 373,571	\$	709,344 373,571
	21,550		77,586
	410,664		1,160,501
			<u>-</u>
	-		3,568,415
	_		1,666,507
	-		7,269,015
	-		<del>-</del>
			12,503,937
\$	410,664	\$	13,664,438



# LINCOLN COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT #2 RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2020

Total fund balance, governmental funds	\$ 12,503,937
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and therefore are not reported in this fund financial statement, but are reported in the governmental activities of the Statement of Net Position.	
Historical Cost Accumulated Depreciation	127,701,584 (63,569,061)
Certain deferred outflows of resources are not available to pay current period expenditures and therefore are not reported in this fund financial statement, but are reported in the governmental activities of the Statement of Net Position.	4,832,814
Certain postemployment benefit assets are not available to pay current period expenditures and therefore are not reported in this fund financial statement, but are reported in the governmental activities of the Statement of Net Position.	36,766
Certain deferred inflows of resources are not available to pay current period expenditures and therefore are not reported in this fund financial statement, but are reported in the governmental activities of the Statement of Net Position.	(4,974,669)
Long-term liabilities, including accrued compensated absences are not due and payable in the current period, and therefore are not reported as liabilities in the funds. Long-term liabilities at year end consisted of:	
Accrued compensated absences Net pension liability	(2,900,992) (29,448,143)
Net position of governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position	\$ 44,182,236

# LINCOLN COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT #2 STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

For the Year Ended June 30, 2020	GENERAL FUND	CAPITAL CONSTRUCTION FUND	MAJOR MAINTENANCE FUND
REVENUES			
Property taxes	\$ 11,200,633	\$ -	\$ -
Intergovernmental-State	31,755,972	123,996	1,679,706
Intergovernmental-Federal	-	-	-
Investment earnings	66,802	12	6,413
Other county sources	712,663	-	-
Other local sources	2,498,871		
TOTAL REVENUES	46,234,941	124,008	1,686,119
EXPENDITURES			
Instruction:			
Regular instruction	18,214,600	_	-
Special instruction	7,779,957	-	-
Vocational instruction	-	-	-
Total instruction	25,994,557	-	-
Support services:			
Pupil services	3,255,041	-	-
Staff services	2,327,283	-	-
Cental administration	549,404	-	-
School administration	2,377,375	-	-
Business administration	502,389	-	-
General maintenance	4,519,042	-	178,112
Community support	574	-	-
Transportation	4,192,668	-	-
Food service	2,220	-	-
Capital construction	17.705.006	2,931,585	170 110
Total support services	17,725,996	2,931,585	178,112
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	43,720,553	2,931,585	178,112
Excess (deficiency) of revenues			
over expenditures	2,514,388	(2,807,577)	1,508,007
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Transfers in	-	2,931,585	-
Transfers out	(3,017,770)		
TOTAL OTHER ENLANGING			
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	(3,017,770)	2,931,585	_
SOURCES (OSES)	(3,017,770)	2,731,303	
SPECIAL ITEM			
Proceeds from sale of assets	13,738		
Net change in fund balances	(489,644)	124,008	1,508,007
Fund balances - Beginning	11,203,066		158,500
FUND BALANCES - Ending	\$ 10,713,422	\$ 124,008	\$ 1,666,507

LOCAL, STATE AND FEDERAL GRANTS	TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS		
¢	¢ 11 200 622		
\$ -	\$ 11,200,633		
1 707 000	33,559,674		
1,786,809	1,786,809		
-	73,227		
-	712,663		
212,486	2,711,357		
1,999,295	50,044,363		
840,276	19,054,876		
669,883	8,449,840		
66,116	66,116		
1,576,275	27,570,832		
_	3,255,041		
388,429	2,715,712		
300,427	549,404		
_	2,377,375		
_	502,389		
_	4,697,154		
_	574		
34,591	4,227,259		
51,571	2,220		
_	2,931,585		
423,020	21,258,713		
	,		
1,999,295	48,829,545		
	1,214,818		
-	2,931,585		
	(3,017,770)		
	(86,185)		
	13,738		
-	1,142,371		
	11,361,566		
\$ -	\$ 12,503,937		

# LINCOLN COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT #2 RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds:	\$ 1,142,371
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report outlays for capital assets as expenditures because such outlays use current financial resources. In contrast, the Statement of Activities reports only a portion of the outlay as expense. The outlay is allocated over the assets' estimated useful lives as depreciation expense for the period. This is the amount by which capital outlays \$3,147,923 exceed depreciation \$4,257,312 in the current period.	1,109,389
Governmental funds report the entire net sales price (proceeds) from sale of an asset as revenue because it provides current financial resources. In contrast, the Statement of Activities reports only the gain on the sale of the assets. Thus, the change in net position differs from the change in fund balance by the cost of the asset sold.	(608)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and these are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds:	
Postemployment benefit asset not reflected on Governmental funds	(4,110)
Deferred outflows of resources not reflected on Governmental funds	3,821,846
Deferred inflows of resources not reflected on Governmental funds	3,997,777
Net pension liability not reflected on Governmental funds	(8,906,656)
Compensated absences	 253,835
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ 1,413,844

# LINCOLN COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT #2 STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS June 30, 2020

Current assets:   Cash and cash equivalents   \$ 200     Inventories   80,337     Total current assets:   Postemployment benefit asset   594     Capital Assets:   Equipment and Furniture   306,244     Less Accumulated depreciation   (287,863)     Total non-current assets   118,975      DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES     Expenditures unavailable for use   115,762    Total assets and deferred outflows of resources   215,274    LIABILITIES   Current Liabilities:   Accounts payable   11,222     Due to other funds   - 56,701     Compensated absences   Capital lease obligation   - 10     Bonds, notes and loans payable   - 7     Total current liabilities:   Capital lease obligation   - 1     Bonds, notes and loans payable   - 7     Total non-current liabilities:   Capital lease obligation   - 1     Bonds, notes and loans payable   - 7     Total non-current liabilities:   Capital lease obligation   - 1     Bonds, notes and loans payable   - 7     Total non-current liabilities:   Capital lease obligation   - 1     Bonds, notes and loans payable   - 7     Total non-current liabilities:   Capital lease obligation   - 1     Bonds, notes and loans payable   - 7     Total non-current liabilities:   Capital lease obligation   - 1     Bonds, notes and loans payable   - 7     Total non-current liabilities:   Capital lease obligation   - 1     Bonds, notes and loans payable   - 7     Total non-current liabilities:   Capital lease obligation   - 1     Bonds, notes and loans payable   - 7     Total non-current liabilities:   Capital lease obligation   - 1     Bonds, notes and loans payable   - 7     Total non-current liabilities:   Capital lease obligation   - 1     Bonds, notes and loans payable   - 7     Total non-current liabilities:   Capital lease obligation   - 1     Bonds, notes and loans payable   - 7     Total non-current liabilities:   Capital lease obligation   - 1     Bonds, notes and loans payable   - 7     Total non-current liabilities:   Capital lease obligation   - 1     Bonds, notes and loans payable   - 7     To		FOOD SERVICES FUND	
Cash and cash equivalents         \$ 200           Inventories         80,337           Total current assets         80,537           Non-current assets:         594           Capital Assets:         594           Equipment and Furniture         306,244           Less Accumulated depreciation         (287,863)           Total non-current assets         18,975           DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES           Expenditures unavailable for use         115,762           Total assets and deferred outflows of resources           LIABILITIES           Current Liabilities:         2           Accounts payable         -           Salaries payable         11,222           Due to other funds         -           Deferred revenue         56,701           Compensated absences         -           Capital lease obligation         -           Bonds, notes and loans payable         -           Total current liabilities:         67,923           Non-current liabilities:         -           Capital lease obligation         -           Bonds, notes and loans payable         -           Total non-current liabilities:         -           Noncur	ASSETS		
Inventories 80,337 Total current assets 80,537 Non-current assets: Postemployment benefit asset 594 Capital Assets: Equipment and Furniture 306,244 Less Accumulated depreciation (287,863) Total non-current assets 18,975  DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Expenditures unavailable for use 115,762  Total assets and deferred outflows of resources 215,274  LIABILITIES Current Liabilities: Accounts payable - Salaries payable 11,222 Due to other funds - Deferred revenue 56,701 Compensated absences - Capital lease obligation - Bonds, notes and loans payable - Total current liabilities: Capital lease obligation - Bonds, notes and loans payable - Total current liabilities: Capital lease obligation - Bonds, notes and loans payable - Total current liabilities: Capital lease obligation - Bonds, notes and loans payable - Total non-current liabilities Total liabilities Noncurrent Liabilities Noncurrent Liabilities Noncurrent Liabilities: Repension liability 705,383  DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Revenues unavailable for use 119,160  NET POSITION Invested in capital assets, net of related debt 18,381 Unrestricted (695,573)	Current assets:		
Total current assets  Non-current assets: Postemployment benefit asset Capital Assets: Equipment and Furniture Less Accumulated depreciation Total non-current assets  Expenditures unavailable for use  Total assets and deferred outflows of resources  Expenditures unavailable for use  Total assets and deferred outflows of resources  LIABILITIES  Current Liabilities: Accounts payable Salaries payable Due to other funds Deferred revenue Compensated absences Capital lease obligation Bonds, notes and loans payable Total current liabilities: Capital lease obligation Bonds, notes and loans payable Total current liabilities: Capital lease obligation Bonds, notes and loans payable Total non-current liabilities Total liabilities  Capital lease obligation Bonds, notes and loans payable Total current liabilities Total liabilities Total liabilities Total liabilities Total liabilities Total liabilities  Noncurrent Liabilities: Net pension liability  Total person liability  Total nor-current liabilities Noncurrent Liabilities: Net pension liability  Total nor-current liabilities Total liabilities: Net pension liability  Total sasets, net of related debt In 18,381 Unrestricted  18,975  18	Cash and cash equivalents	\$	200
Non-current assets: Postemployment benefit asset Capital Assets: Equipment and Furniture Less Accumulated depreciation Total non-current assets  Expenditures unavailable for use  Total assets and deferred outflows of resources  LIABILITIES Current Liabilities: Accounts payable Salaries payable Due to other funds Deferred revenue Compensated absences Capital lease obligation Bonds, notes and loans payable Total current liabilities: Capital lease obligation Bonds, notes and loans payable Total non-current liabilities Total liabilities Non-current Liabilities Total liabilities Total liabilities Noncurrent Liabilities Total liabilities Total liabilities Revenues unavailable for use  NET POSITION Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Unrestricted  10,224  115,762  115,762  115,762  115,762  115,762  115,762  115,762  115,762  115,762  115,762  115,762  115,762  115,762  115,762  115,762  111,222  11,222  111,222	Inventories		80,337
Postemployment benefit asset Capital Assets: Equipment and Furniture	Total current assets		80,537
Capital Assets:     Equipment and Furniture     Less Accumulated depreciation     Total non-current assets  DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Expenditures unavailable for use  115,762  Total assets and deferred outflows of resources  LIABILITIES Current Liabilities: Accounts payable Salaries payable Due to other funds Deferred revenue Compensated absences Capital lease obligation Bonds, notes and loans payable Total current liabilities: Capital lease obligation Bonds, notes and loans payable Total current liabilities Capital lease obligation Bonds, notes and loans payable Total non-current liabilities Capital lease obligation Bonds, notes and loans payable Total non-current liabilities Capital lease obligation Bonds, notes and loans payable Total non-current liabilities Total liabilities Total liabilities Noncurrent Liabilities Total non-current liabilities Total liabiliti	Non-current assets:		
Equipment and Furniture Less Accumulated depreciation Total non-current assets  DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Expenditures unavailable for use  Total assets and deferred outflows of resources  LIABILITIES Current Liabilities: Accounts payable Salaries payable Due to other funds Deferred revenue Compensated absences Capital lease obligation Bonds, notes and loans payable Total current liabilities: Capital lease obligation Bonds, notes and loans payable Total current liabilities: Capital lease obligation Bonds, notes and loans payable Total current liabilities: Capital lease obligation Bonds, notes and loans payable Total non-current liabilities Capital lease obligation Bonds, notes and loans payable Total lono-current liabilities Capital lease obligation Bonds, notes and loans payable Total non-current liabilities Total liabilities Total liabilities Total liabilities Net pension liability Total prosition Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Unrestricted (695,573)	Postemployment benefit asset		594
Less Accumulated depreciation Total non-current assets  DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Expenditures unavailable for use  Total assets and deferred outflows of resources  LIABILITIES Current Liabilities: Accounts payable Salaries payable Due to other funds Deferred revenue Compensated absences Capital lease obligation Bonds, notes and loans payable Total current liabilities: Capital lease obligation Bonds, notes and loans payable Total current liabilities: Capital lease obligation Bonds, notes and loans payable Total rurent liabilities: Capital lease obligation Bonds, notes and loans payable Total non-current liabilities  Non-current Liabilities Total liabilities  Noncurrent Liabilities Total liabilities  Noncurrent Liabilities:  Net pension liability  DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Revenues unavailable for use  119,160  NET POSITION Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Unrestricted  18,381 Unrestricted	Capital Assets:		
Total non-current assets  DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Expenditures unavailable for use  115,762  Total assets and deferred outflows of resources  LIABILITIES Current Liabilities: Accounts payable Salaries payable Due to other funds Deferred revenue Compensated absences Capital lease obligation Bonds, notes and loans payable Total current liabilities: Capital lease obligation Bonds, notes and loans payable Total current liabilities: Capital lease obligation Bonds, notes and loans payable Total non-current liabilities Total liabilities  Noncurrent Liabilities Total liabilities  Noncurrent Liabilities: Ret pension liability  DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Revenues unavailable for use  NET POSITION Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Unrestricted  18,381 Unrestricted	Equipment and Furniture		306,244
Total non-current assets  DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Expenditures unavailable for use  115,762  Total assets and deferred outflows of resources  LIABILITIES Current Liabilities: Accounts payable Salaries payable Due to other funds Deferred revenue Compensated absences Capital lease obligation Bonds, notes and loans payable Total current liabilities: Capital lease obligation Bonds, notes and loans payable Total current liabilities: Capital lease obligation Bonds, notes and loans payable Total non-current liabilities  Total liabilities  Noncurrent Liabilities Total liabilities  Noncurrent Liabilities: Ret pension liability  DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Revenues unavailable for use  NET POSITION Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Unrestricted  18,381 Unrestricted	Less Accumulated depreciation		(287,863)
Expenditures unavailable for use 115,762  Total assets and deferred outflows of resources 215,274  LIABILITIES  Current Liabilities:     Accounts payable	*		
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources  LIABILITIES  Current Liabilities:     Accounts payable	DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
LIABILITIES Current Liabilities: Accounts payable Salaries payable Due to other funds Deferred revenue Compensated absences Capital lease obligation Bonds, notes and loans payable Total current liabilities Non-current liabilities: Capital lease obligation Bonds, notes and loans payable Total current liabilities: Capital lease obligation Bonds, notes and loans payable Total non-current liabilities Total liabilities Total liabilities Total liabilities Noncurrent Liabilities: Net pension liability  TO5,383  DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Revenues unavailable for use  NET POSITION Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Unrestricted  18,381 Unrestricted	Expenditures unavailable for use		115,762
Current Liabilities:    Accounts payable	Total assets and deferred outflows of resources		215,274
Accounts payable Salaries payable Due to other funds Deferred revenue Compensated absences Capital lease obligation Bonds, notes and loans payable Total current liabilities Non-current liabilities: Capital lease obligation Bonds, notes and loans payable Total non-current liabilities Total liabilities Total liabilities Total liabilities Total liabilities Total spayable Total non-current liabilities Total liabilities Total liabilities Total liabilities Total liabilities: Net pension liability Total spayable Total non-current liabilities Total liabilities Total liabilities Total liabilities Total liabilities: Net pension liability Total spayable Total non-current liabilities Total liabilities Total liabilities Total liabilities: Net pension liability Total spayable Total non-current liabilities Total non-current liabilities Total non-current l			
Salaries payable Due to other funds Deferred revenue So,701 Compensated absences Capital lease obligation Bonds, notes and loans payable Total current liabilities Non-current liabilities: Capital lease obligation Bonds, notes and loans payable Total non-current liabilities Total liabilities Total liabilities Total liabilities Total liabilities  Noncurrent Liabilities: Total liabilities: Net pension liability  TOTOS,383  DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Revenues unavailable for use  NET POSITION Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Unrestricted  119,160	Current Liabilities:		
Due to other funds Deferred revenue 56,701 Compensated absences Capital lease obligation Bonds, notes and loans payable Total current liabilities Non-current liabilities: Capital lease obligation Bonds, notes and loans payable Total non-current liabilities Total liabilities Total liabilities Total liabilities Total liabilities Total liabilities  Noncurrent Liabilities: Net pension liability  TO5,383  DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Revenues unavailable for use  119,160  NET POSITION Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Unrestricted  18,381 Unrestricted			-
Deferred revenue 56,701 Compensated absences - Capital lease obligation - Bonds, notes and loans payable - Total current liabilities 67,923 Non-current liabilities: Capital lease obligation - Bonds, notes and loans payable - Total non-current liabilities - Total liabilities 107,923  Noncurrent Liabilities: Net pension liability 705,383  DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Revenues unavailable for use 119,160  NET POSITION Invested in capital assets, net of related debt 18,381 Unrestricted (695,573)	Salaries payable		11,222
Compensated absences Capital lease obligation Bonds, notes and loans payable Total current liabilities Non-current liabilities: Capital lease obligation Bonds, notes and loans payable Total non-current liabilities Total liabilities Total liabilities Total liabilities Total liabilities  Net pension liability  TOTOS,383  DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Revenues unavailable for use  119,160  NET POSITION Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Unrestricted  18,381 Unrestricted	Due to other funds		-
Capital lease obligation Bonds, notes and loans payable Total current liabilities Non-current liabilities: Capital lease obligation Bonds, notes and loans payable Total non-current liabilities Total liabilities Total liabilities Total liabilities Total liabilities Total liabilities: Net pension liability To5,383  DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Revenues unavailable for use  NET POSITION Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Unrestricted  18,381 Unrestricted	Deferred revenue		56,701
Bonds, notes and loans payable  Total current liabilities  Non-current liabilities: Capital lease obligation  Bonds, notes and loans payable  Total non-current liabilities  Total liabilities  Total liabilities  Noncurrent Liabilities: Net pension liability  Total liabilities: Net pension liability  Total liabilities: Net pension liability  Total liabilities  119,383	Compensated absences		=
Total current liabilities  Non-current liabilities: Capital lease obligation Bonds, notes and loans payable Total non-current liabilities Total liabilities Total liabilities  Noncurrent Liabilities: Net pension liability  Total liabilities: Net pension liability  Total liabilities: Net pension liability  Total liabilities: 15,383	Capital lease obligation		-
Non-current liabilities: Capital lease obligation Bonds, notes and loans payable Total non-current liabilities Total liabilities  Noncurrent Liabilities: Net pension liability  Total pension liability  Total pension liability  Total liabilities: Net pension liability  Total liabilities: Net pension liability  Total liabilities  10,383  DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Revenues unavailable for use  119,160  NET POSITION Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Unrestricted  18,381 Unrestricted	Bonds, notes and loans payable		-
Capital lease obligation Bonds, notes and loans payable Total non-current liabilities Total liabilities  Noncurrent Liabilities: Net pension liability  Total liabilities  105,383  DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Revenues unavailable for use  119,160  NET POSITION Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Unrestricted  18,381 Unrestricted	Total current liabilities		67,923
Bonds, notes and loans payable Total non-current liabilities Total liabilities  Noncurrent Liabilities: Net pension liability  Total liabilities: Net pension liability  Total liabilities: Net pension liability  Total liabilities: Total non-current liabilities  67,923  Noncurrent Liabilities: Net pension liability  Total non-current liabilities  705,383  DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Revenues unavailable for use  119,160  NET POSITION Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Unrestricted  (695,573)	Non-current liabilities:		
Total non-current liabilities - Total liabilities 67,923  Noncurrent Liabilities: 705,383  Net pension liability 705,383  DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Revenues unavailable for use 119,160  NET POSITION Invested in capital assets, net of related debt 18,381 Unrestricted (695,573)	Capital lease obligation		_
Total liabilities 67,923  Noncurrent Liabilities: Net pension liability 705,383  DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Revenues unavailable for use 119,160  NET POSITION Invested in capital assets, net of related debt 18,381 Unrestricted (695,573)	Bonds, notes and loans payable		-
Noncurrent Liabilities: Net pension liability  To5,383  DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Revenues unavailable for use  119,160  NET POSITION Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Unrestricted  18,381 Unrestricted  (695,573)	Total non-current liabilities		-
Net pension liability 705,383  DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Revenues unavailable for use 119,160  NET POSITION Invested in capital assets, net of related debt 18,381 Unrestricted (695,573)	Total liabilities		67,923
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Revenues unavailable for use 119,160  NET POSITION Invested in capital assets, net of related debt 18,381 Unrestricted (695,573)			<b>5</b> 05 202
Revenues unavailable for use 119,160  NET POSITION  Invested in capital assets, net of related debt 18,381 Unrestricted (695,573)			705,383
NET POSITION Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Unrestricted 18,381 (695,573)			
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt 18,381 Unrestricted (695,573)	Revenues unavailable for use		119,160
Unrestricted (695,573)	NET POSITION		
	Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		18,381
	Unrestricted		(695,573)
	Total net position	\$	(677,192)

# LINCOLN COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT #2 STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

	FOOD SERVICES FUND	
REVENUES		
Charges for services-local	\$	373,301
Total operating revenues		373,301
OPERATING EXPENSES		
Payroll costs		800,526
Direct food costs		441,256
Supplies and materials		9,653
Depreciation		3,636
Total Operating Expenses		1,255,071
Operating income (loss)		(881,770)
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)		
U.S. Department of Agriculture commodities		69,740
Federal operating grants and contributions		516,506
Total non-operating revenue (expenses)		586,246
Income (loss) before contributions and transfers		(295,524)
Transfers in		86,185
Change in net position		(209,339)
Total net position - beginning		(467,853)
Total net position - ending	\$	(677,192)

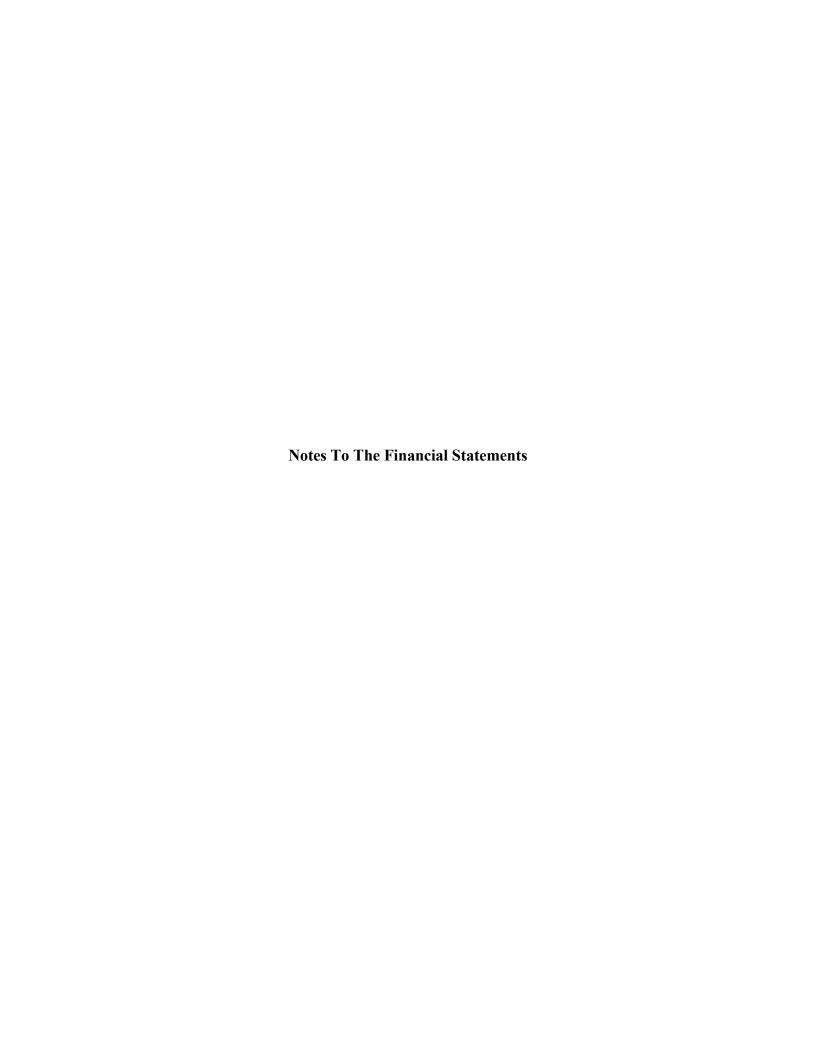
# LINCOLN COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT #2 STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

		FOOD SERVICES FUND
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Cash received from food service charges	\$	373,301
Cash payments for supplies and materials		(9,653)
Cash payments for direct food costs		(235,553)
Cash payments to employees		(800,526)
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY		
OPERATING ACTIVITIES		(672,431)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIV	ITIES	
Non-operating grants received		586,246
Transfers from other funds		86,185
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY NONCAPITAL		
FINANCING ACTIVITIES		672,431
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Purchase of equipment		
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND		
CASH EQUIVALENTS		_
BEGINNING CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		200
ENDING CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	\$	200
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET C. PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	ASH	
Operating income (loss)  Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:	\$	(881,770)
Depreciation		3,636
(Increase) decrease in inventories		(27,786)
Increase (decrease) in:		
Accounts payable		(154)
Accrued expenses		11,222
Due to other funds		-
Deferred revenue		(18,871)
NPL, OPEB asset, and related deferred outflows/inflows		241,292
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY		
OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$	(672,431)

# LINCOLN COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT #2 STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION AGENCY FUNDS June 30, 2020

	FL SPI	EMPLOYEE FLEXIBLE SPENDING FUND		STUDENT ACTIVITIES FUND	
ASSETS					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	37,079	\$	628,402	
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	37,079	\$	628,402	
LIABILITIES					
Due to employees	\$	37,079	\$	-	
Due to student groups				628,402	
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	37,079	\$	628,402	



Lincoln County School District No. 2 Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2020

#### 1. Organization

Lincoln County School District No. 2 ("the District") is governed by an elected seven-member Board of Trustees ("the Board"), which has governance responsibilities over all activities related to public elementary and secondary school education in an area that roughly comprises the northern half of Lincoln County, Wyoming. The District receives funding from local, county, state and federal government sources and must comply with the requirements of these funding entities. The District is not included in any other governmental "reporting entity", since board members are elected by the public; have decision-making authority; have the power to designate management; have the responsibility to significantly influence operations; and have primary accountability for fiscal matters. There are no component units which are included in the District's reporting entity.

#### 2. District-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements — and Management's Discussion and Analysis — for State and Local Governments* (GASB No. 34), sets forth the financial reporting requirements and reporting model for the annual financial reports of state and local governments. The goal of GASB No. 34 is to make annual reports more comprehensive, easier to understand, and more useful to people who use governmental financial information to make decisions. The financial information required by GASB No. 34 includes:

#### Management's Discussion and Analysis

The management's discussion and analysis introduces the basic financial statements and provides an analytical overview of the District's financial activities in a narrative format. An analysis of the District's overall financial position and results of operations is included to assist users in assessing whether the financial position has improved or deteriorated as a result of the year's activities.

#### District-Wide Financial Statements

The district-wide financial statements, including the Statement of Net Position – District-Wide and the Statement of Activities – District-Wide, report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the District. These statements distinguish between the *governmental* and *business-type* activities of the District. Governmental transactions are generally financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or part by fees charged to external parties.

In general, the effect of interfund transactions has been eliminated from the district-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are transactions between the District's governmental and business-type activities. Elimination of these transactions would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

The Statement of Activities – District-Wide presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the District's governmental activities and the different business-type activities of the District. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function. The District does not charge indirect expenses to programs or functions. Program revenues include (a) fees, fines, and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a

Lincoln County School District No. 2 Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2020

#### • District-Wide and Fund Financial Statements, Continued

particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues. Depreciation is presented in its entirety on the statement of activities. No depreciation has been allocated to any of the District's specific functions.

#### Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide information on the District's funds, including its fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category – *Governmental, Proprietary* and *Fiduciary* – are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and business-type funds, each displayed separately.

#### **Budgetary Comparison Schedules**

The budgetary comparison schedules are presented as required supplementary information to demonstrate whether resources were obtained and used in accordance with the District's legally adopted budgets (see Note 4). The District may revise the original budgets over the course of the year for various reasons. Under the reporting model prescribed by GASB No. 34, budgetary information continues to be provided, and includes comparisons of the District's original adopted budgets to the final budgets and actual results.

#### 3. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The district-wide, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*. Under the accrual basis, revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Non-exchange transactions, in which the District gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. Revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements stipulated by the provider have been met and satisfied.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be measurable when the amount of the transaction can be determined and available when they are collected within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days after the end of the fiscal year except for the foundation receivable from the State which is 300 days. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims, judgments, compensated absences, and early retirement liabilities, which are recognized to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds from long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

The District reports the following governmental funds:

<u>General Fund:</u> The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the District and is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The instructional and most of the support service programs of the District are accounted for in the General Fund. The revenue

Lincoln County School District No. 2 Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2020

#### 3. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation, Continued

of the fund consists primarily of local property taxes and federal and state funds. This is a budgeted fund, and any unreserved or unencumbered fund balances are considered as resources available for use.

<u>Debt Service Fund</u>: The Debt Service Fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for the payment of general long-term debt principal, interest and related costs. The revenue of the fund consists primarily of local property taxes. This is a budgeted fund, and any unreserved or unencumbered fund balances are considered as resources available for use (see Note 15).

<u>Major Maintenance Fund:</u> The Major Maintenance Fund is used to account for funds received from the Wyoming School Facilities Commission that are specifically designated for major maintenance expenditures. This is a budgeted fund, and any unreserved or unencumbered fund balances are considered as resources available for use (see Note 15).

<u>Capital Construction Fund:</u> The Capital Construction Fund is used to account for the financial resources accumulated and payments made for the acquisition and improvement of sites; construction and remodel of facilities; and procurement of equipment, textbooks and supplies necessary for providing educational programs to the District's students. The revenue of the fund consists primarily of capital construction funds from the Wyoming School Facilities Commission. This is a budgeted fund, and any unreserved or unencumbered fund balances are considered as resources available for use.

<u>Local</u>, <u>State and Federal Grants Funds</u>: The Local, State and Federal Grants Funds are used to account for funds received from federal and state grants that have restrictions on their use. These are budgeted funds, and any unreserved or unencumbered fund balances are considered as resources available for use.

The District reports the following proprietary fund:

<u>Food Services Fund:</u> The Food Services Fund is used to account for the District's school breakfast and lunch programs, which provides meals to students and other individuals. Operating revenues are comprised of user charges. Non-operating revenues are comprised of grant revenues, interest income, and transfers from other funds. This is a budgeted fund, and any fund balances are considered as resources available for use.

The District reports the following fiduciary fund:

<u>Employee Flexible Spending Fund:</u> The Employee Flexible Spending Fund is used to account for funds deducted from participating employees who have elected to set aside funds on a pre-tax basis for payment of medical or childcare expenses. This fund does not include revenues and expenditures for general operations of the District.

<u>Student Activity Funds:</u> The Student Activity Funds are agency funds used to account for activities of student groups and other types of activities requiring clearing accounts. These funds have no net position; assets are equal to liabilities, and do not include revenues and expenditures for general operations of the District.

## 4. Budgetary Information

Under Wyoming law, the District's approved budgets establish maximum legal authorization for expenditures during the fiscal year. The budgets are prepared on the modified accrual basis. Unused appropriations lapse at the end of the year, unless the Board extends existing encumbrances beyond year-end.

On or before May 15 of each year, the District's administration submits to the Board a preliminary operating budget for each of the budgeted funds for the fiscal year commencing July 1. The operating budgets include proposed expenditures detailed at the functional level and the means of financing them.

On the third Wednesday of July, the Board conducts its annual budget hearing and budgets are legally adopted through the passage of an appropriation by the Board.

Actual expenditures and operating transfers out may not legally exceed budget appropriations at the functional level. The legal level of budgetary control is the functional level at which the Board must approve any over-expenditures of appropriations or transfers of appropriated amounts. The functional levels are Instruction, Instructional Support, General Support, General Support, Community Support and Other Outlays.

The School Board may amend the budget after holding a budget hearing at any time during the year. The administration may transfer between budgetary line items within a function without Board approval.

# 5. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of the District have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to local government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles and standards. The more significant accounting policies of the District are described as follows:

# Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District considers all highly liquid investments with maturities of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

## Receivables

Receivables shown on the governmental fund financial statements are those for which payment was received within 60 days except for the foundation receivable from the State which is 300 days after the financial statement date. All receivables, regardless of when they are collected, are recognized in the district-wide financial statements. Such receivables are shown net of any allowances for uncollectible amounts.

#### Inventories

Inventories, which consist primarily of food supplies, are reported at the lower of cost (first-in, first-out) or net realizable value, or if donated, at fair value when received. Inventories of governmental funds are

## 5. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

immaterial and are recorded as expenditures when purchased. Donated food commodities are reported in the Food Services Fund as revenue when received.

# Capital Assets

Capital assets are reported in the district-wide financial statements and the proprietary funds, and are reported as expenditures in the governmental fund financial statements. Purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at historical cost, less accumulated depreciation. If historical cost is unknown, estimated historical cost is used. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation, less accumulated depreciation. The District uses a capitalization threshold of \$2,500. When capital assets are sold or otherwise disposed of, the cost and associated accumulated depreciation are removed from the respective accounts, and the resulting gain or loss is recorded in the Statement of Activities – District-Wide or the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position, in the case of proprietary funds.

All reported capital assets except land and construction in progress are depreciated. Depreciation is calculated on capital assets using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of those assets, as follows:

	<u>Years</u>	Business Type
Buildings and building		
improvements	20 to 30	
Transportation equipment	5 to 12	
General equipment	5 to 20	5 to 20

# Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the district-wide financial statements and all payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations payable from proprietary funds are reported in the proprietary fund financial statements. On the District-wide financial statements and the proprietary fund financial, liabilities that become due and payable within one year of the financial statement date are included in current liabilities, while liabilities that become due and payable after that time are shown as noncurrent liabilities.

In general, governmental funds payables and accrued liabilities that are paid in a timely manner from current financial resources are reported as obligations of the funds. Liabilities shown on the fund financial statements are those that have become due and payable at the end of the fiscal year, which are expected to be paid during the upcoming fiscal year, and are reported as expenditures and fund liabilities of the governmental fund that will pay it.

## Compensated Absences

The District reports compensated absences in accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 16, *Account for Compensated Absences* (GASB No. 16). Compensated absences consist of accumulated sick, personal and vacation leave balances that are unpaid by the financial statement date.

## 5. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

All eligible employees of the District receive personal leave at the beginning of the year. In accordance with GASB No. 16, no liability is recorded for non-vesting accumulated rights to receive sick pay. Under the terms of association agreements, twelve-month or full-year employees earn vacation in amounts that vary based on tenure and classification. The District records a liability for accumulated unused vacation for all eligible employees.

Accumulated personal and vacation leave that has become due and payable at the end of the fiscal year, which is expected to be paid during the upcoming fiscal year, is reported as an expenditure and fund liability of the governmental fund that will pay it. Accumulated personal and vacation leave that is expected to be utilized by employees during the upcoming fiscal year is reported as a current obligation in the district-wide financial statements. Accumulated personal and vacation leave that is not expected to be utilized by employees during the upcoming fiscal year is reported as a noncurrent obligation in the district-wide financial statements. Accumulated personal and vacation leave of proprietary funds is recorded as an expense and liability of those funds as the benefits accrue to employees.

When an employee terminates employment with the District, unused personal and sick leave hours are paid at the rate of one-half of the employee's current hourly rate for certified staff and at step one of the employees' classification pay scale for support staff as of June 30, 2020.

## Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and liabilities. Net position invested in capital assets, net of related debt consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

## Fund Balances

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties. Designations of fund balance represent tentative plans for future use of financial resources that are subject to change.

The Lincoln County School District #2 Board of Trustees recognizes that the district uses and maintains diverse funds with assorted requirements on balances of cash, investments and other asset and liability accounts. Additionally, Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) 54 has increased the reporting requirement on fund balances for financial statement purposes. Since fund balance reporting has a direct influence on state funding, it is the intention of the Board of Trustees to clarify how fund balances will be reported. Lincoln County School District #2 will use the fund balances definitions in GASB 54 for financial reporting for all governmental fund types. The classifications are intended to depict the nature of the net resources that are reported in a governmental fund. An individual governmental fund could include any combination of these classifications.

## 5. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

<u>Non-spendable Fund Balances</u>: These fund balances are the net balance of assets and liabilities that are held legally, contractually or in a "not in spendable form." This includes all legally or contractually restricted balances as well as prepaid inventory and other items considered "not in spendable form".

<u>Restricted Fund Balances</u>: These fund balances are the net balance of assets and liabilities that have provisions that are externally imposed. These are grants or other funds that are restricted by the debt covenants, grantor, contributor, or by laws or regulations of external governments. In general, these include a legally enforceable requirement that the resources be used only for the specific purposes stipulated in the grant, debt covenant or by law. The Board and state statue have restricted \$5.2 million for the purpose, but not limited to construction, maintenance and renovations.

<u>Committed Fund Balance</u>: Committed Fund Balances are those imposed by a formal action taken by the Board of Trustees. Once the Board of Trustees has taken formal action, the assets cannot be used for other purposes unless the Board of Trustees removes or changes the specified use by taking the same action it employed previously to commit those balances.

<u>Assigned Fund Balance</u>: Assigned Fund Balances are the net amounts of assets and liabilities constrained by the intent of the Board of Trustees. The intent will not be specified by formal action of the Board of Trustees but will be part of items such as the adopted budget or in a statement by the Board of Trustees or by the Director of Business and Finance.

<u>Unassigned Fund Balance</u>: Typically, Unassigned Fund Balances will be limited to the general fund, and by definition, they are the residual balance for fund balance.

# Property Tax Calendar

The Lincoln County Treasurer is responsible for levying and collecting property taxes on behalf of the District. Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property on July 1 of each year. Property taxes are levied on or about July 1, and are due in two installments. The first installment becomes due on September 1, and is delinquent on November 10; the second installment becomes due on March 1, and is delinquent on May 10. Taxes receivable represent taxes levied but uncollected by the County Treasurer at June 30, 2020.

# <u>Grant Revenue</u>

The District receives financial assistance from governmental agencies in the form of grants, which are accounted for in special revenue funds. Revenue is deemed earned and thus recognized when applicable program expenditures are recorded. Funds received but not earned at June 30, 2020 are recorded as deferred revenue.

# **Operating and Non-Operating Revenues**

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

## 5. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

## <u>Use of Restricted Resources</u>

When expenditures qualify to be paid out of both restricted and unrestricted resources, it is the policy of the District to generally use restricted resources first.

## Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates and affect the amounts reported in the financial statements.

# Subsequent Events

The District has evaluated subsequent events through December 9, 2020 which is the date that these financial statements are issued. No material subsequent events have occurred since June 30, 2020 that requires recognition or disclosure in these financial statements.

# 6. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Authorized deposits are controlled by state statute and include, but are not limited to, deposits in banks, money market account and treasury notes. The District's cash and cash equivalents consist of checking and money market accounts at local banks

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. Wyoming statute 9-4-820 requires the District to collateralize bank deposits that exceed amounts insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC). In addition, for collateral held by a custodian other than the Federal Reserve, an approved Joint Custody Receipt form must be properly executed to perfect the District's interest in collateral pledged by depository financial institutions. The District's business manager monitors cash account balances to see that sufficient collateral is pledged to the District. As of June 30, 2020, the District's deposits were insured by the FDIC up to \$250,000 at each bank. In addition, through the Transaction Account Guarantee Program (TAFP), all noninterest-bearing checking accounts and low-interest (.25% or less) negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts were fully covered by FDIC. Institutions that were participating in the program were given the option to opt out of the extension. Only one of the District's financial institutions chose to opt out of the extension.

The carrying amount of cash and cash equivalents on the District's books at June 30, 2020 was \$13,459,542 (including deposits held for fiduciary funds) and bank balances totaled \$16,267,725. The differences between the carrying amount of cash and cash equivalents on the District's books and the bank balances consist of outstanding checks and deposits not processed by the bank as of June 30, 2020.

The carrying amount of cash and cash equivalents on the District's books at June 30, 2020 consists of and appears in the financial statements as summarized below:

## 6. Cash and Cash Equivalents, Continued

Cash and cash equivalents, State of Net Position - District-Wide	\$ 12,794,061
Cash and cash equivalents, State of Net position - Fiduciary Funds	665,481
Carrying amount of bank deposits	\$ 13,459,542

A summary of the total insured and collateralized bank balances at June 30, 2020 is as follows:

Insured by the FDIC	\$	635,727
Collateralized with security held by pledging institution's trust department		
or correspondent bank under a joint custody receipt in the name of the		
District and the financial institution.	1.5	5,631,998
Total	\$ 1	6,267,725

## 7. Investments

Wyoming statutes authorize the District to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. agencies, municipal securities and repurchase agreements. District policy restricts investments to certificates of deposit with local banks and the Wyoming State Treasurer's (WYO-STAR) Local Government Investment Pool, unless specific board action authorizes and alternative investment. The District has no policies in place related to exposure to credit risk, custodial credit risk, concentration of credit risk, interest rate credit risk, or foreign currency credit risk other than the above-described investment policy.

As of June 30, 2020, the District had the following investments (including investments of fiduciary funds).

Investment	<u>Maturities</u>	Fair Value
WYO-STAR Local Government Investment Pool	161 days average	\$ 159,836
Wyoming Governmental Investment Fund	49 days average	1,586,283
Total Investments	_	\$ 1,746,119

## Interest Rate Risk

The District does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

# Credit Risk

State law limits investments to obligations of the U.S. Treasury, commercial paper, corporate bonds and repurchase agreements. The District has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices. As of June 30, 2020, the District's investments in the WYO-STAR Local Government Investment Pool (WYO-STAR) had a credit rating of AAA by Standard and Poor's Rating Services.

## 7. Investments, Continued

# Concentration of Credit Risk

The District places no limit on the amount the District may invest in any one issuer. More than five percent of the District's investments are in the WYO-STAR Local Government Investment Pool. These investments represent 100% of the District's total investments.

The WYO-STAR Local Government Investment Pool is managed by the Wyoming State Treasurer

## 8. Receivables from Other Governments

All amounts recognized as receivables on the governmental funds financial statements were collected within 60 days except for the foundation receivable from the State which is 300 days after year-end. All receivables, regardless of when they are collected, are recognized on the district-wide financial statements.

# Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable balances consist primarily of amounts due from the Wyoming School Facilities Commission for reimbursement of expenditures related to capital construction projects and from Idaho School districts for the payment of out-of-state student tuition. The total balance due as of June 30, 2020 is \$86,342.

## Property Taxes Receivable

Property taxes receivable consist of property taxes received in the first 60 days after June 30, 2020, that relate to taxes levied prior to and during the 2020 fiscal year. The balance reported for property taxes receivable as of June 30, 2020 is \$0. Some of the District's taxes were paid under protest to the County Treasurer during the 2010 year. This means that the property owners are disputing the assessed valuation of their property, and therefore the amount of their property tax bill. When taxes are paid under protest, the Treasurer must hold that money in a protest account until the protest is resolved with the State Board of Equalization. Because the taxes were paid under protest, and the ultimate amount the District will receive is still in question, no receivable has been recognized on the financial statements for those taxes.

# Grants Receivable

Grants receivable balances consist of revenues earned by the District from various state or federal grants that had not been received by the District as of June 30, 2020. The balance reported for grants receivable as of June 30, 2020 is \$410,664.

# 9. Capital Assets

GASB Statement No. 34 requires the inclusion of capital asset information in the Statement of Net Position – District-Wide and depreciation expense in the Statement of Activities – District-Wide. Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2020 is as follows:

# 9. Capital Assets, Continued

Governmental Activities	Balance 6/30/2019	Additions	Disposals	Balance 6/30/2020
	0/30/2019	Additions	Disposais	0/30/2020
Buildings and Building				
Improvements	\$ 111,791,793	\$ 2,294,790	\$ -	\$ 114,086,583
Transportation equipment	8,263,085	679,896	(416,565)	8,526,416
General Equipment	2,852,097	173,237	<u> </u>	3,025,334
Capital assets in service	122,906,975	3,147,923	(416,565)	125,638,333
Accumulated depreciation	(59,727,706)	(4,257,312)	415,957	(63,569,061)
	63,179,269	(1,109,389)	(608)	62,069,272
Land	2,063,251	-	-	2,063,251
	65,242,520	(1,109,389)	(608)	64,132,523
Business-type Activities				
Equipment	\$ 306,244	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 306,244
Accumulated depreciation	(284,226)	(3,636)	<u> </u>	(287,862)
	\$ 22,018	\$ (3,636)	\$ -	\$ 18,382

Depreciation expense for governmental funds has not been allocated to any of the District's individual functions. Rather, the District has included all depreciation related to governmental funds as a single line item on the Statement of Activities – District-Wide.

Depreciation expense for business-type activities is shown on the proprietary fund financial statements.

# 10. Interfund Receivables and Payables

Interfund receivables and payables arise primarily from one fund holding cash on behalf of another fund in order to limit the number of bank accounts held by the District. Interfund receivables and payables may also arise from one fund making payments on behalf of another fund to cover expenditures until grant revenues are received. When grant money is received, the paying fund is reimbursed for the payments made on behalf of the receiving fund.

Interfund receivables and payables at June 30, 2020 are summarized as follows:

Due To	<u>Due From</u>	<u>An</u>	<u>nount</u>
General Fund	Local, State and Federal Grants	\$	373,571

#### 11. Interfund Transfers

The following are interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2020:

Transfer From	Transfer To	Reason	<u>Amount</u>
General Fund	Capital Construction	Assist with expenditures	\$ 2,931,585
General Fund	Food Services	Assist with expenditures	\$ 86,185

## 12. Short-Term Borrowings

The District had no short-term borrowings at June 30, 2020, nor were there any short-term borrowings or repayments during the year then ended.

# 13. Long-Term Obligations

A summary of changes in long-term obligations of the District for the year ended June 30, 2020 is as follows:

	Long-Term Obligations 6/30/2019	Long-Term Obligations Incurred	Long-Term Obligations Paid	Long-Term Obligations 6/30/2020	Due Within One Year
	0/30/2019	Incurred	Palu	0/30/2020	One rear
Accrued compensated					
absences	\$ 2,647,157	\$ 253,835	\$ -	\$ 2,900,992	\$ 870,298

# 14. Wyoming Retirement System Defined Contribution Plan

# Plan Description

All full-time and permanent part-time employees of the District participate in the State of Wyoming Retirement System ("the Plan"), a multi-employer, cost-sharing public employee retirement plan. The Plan is a defined benefit plan covering substantially all employees of the State, electing local municipalities, and the Public School System of Wyoming. The cost to administer the Plan is financed through the contributions and investment earnings of the Plan.

The Plan is governed by a Board of Trustees comprised of the State Treasurer, five trustees who are members of the Plan and five "at-large" trustees who are not members of the Plan. With the exception of the State Treasurer, Board members are appointed by the Governor and confirmed by the Wyoming Senate. The Board employs an executive director to oversee day-to-day operations which includes a staff of approximately 40 employees.

# Pension Benefits

The Plan allows for normal retirement after four years of service and attainment of age 60. Retirees can select one of five options for receiving benefits. Early retirement is allowed, provided the employee has

## 14. Wyoming Retirement System Defined Contribution Plan Continued

completed four years of service and attained age 50, but results in a reduction of benefits based on the length of time remaining to normal retirement age. Employees terminating prior to normal retirement can elect to withdraw all employee contributions plus accumulated earnings through the date of their termination.

The Plan offers two tiers of benefits. Tier 1 participants are those that have made contributions to the Plan prior to September 1, 2012. Tier 1 participants vest after 48 months of service, with eligibility for full retirement benefits upon attaining age 60 and meeting the "rule of 85," which requires the participants age and years of service to be equal or exceed 85. Tier 1 benefits are calculated with a 2.125% multiplier rate for the first 15 years of service with the remaining service years calculated with a 2.25% rate, using the highest average salary for 36 continuous months.

Tier 2 participants are those whose participation in the Plan and contributions to the Plan began on or after September 1, 2012. Tier 2 participants vest after 48 months of service, with eligibility for full retirement benefits upon attaining age 65 and meeting the "rule of 85," which requires the participants age and years of service to equal or exceed 85. Tier 2 benefits are calculated with a 2.00% multiplier rate for all years of service using the highest average salary for 60 continuous months.

# Member and Employer Contributions

The Plan statutorily requires 17.62% of the participant's salary to be contributed to the Plan; the District is required to contribute a minimum of 8.87% of the employee's salary. The District can, however, elect to contribute more than the required amount. The District has elected to contribute 17.62% of the employee's salary.

Salaries and wages paid to employees covered by the Plan for the years ended June 30, 2020, 2019, 2018, and 2017 were \$24,723,888, \$24,078,788, \$22,490,315 and \$24,444,895 and the District's contributions totaled \$4,275,624, \$3,550,586, \$3,754,428, and \$3,915,312 respectively

<u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense (Revenue), and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions</u>

At June 30, 2020, the District reported a liability of \$30,153,526 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability, of which \$29,448,143 is reported in governmental activities and \$705,383 is reported in business-type activities. The net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2019, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2019. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the District's share of contributions to the Plan relative to the total contributions of all participating Plan members, actuarially determined. At December 31, 2019, the District's proportionate allocation was 1.283169%.

# 14. Wyoming Retirement System Defined Contribution Plan Continued

<u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense (Revenue), and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions Continued</u>

For the year ended June 30, 2020, The District recognized pension expense as follows:

Governmental activities \$3,874,207
Business-type activities 92,800

Total pension expense \$3,967,007

At June 30, 2020, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Governmental Activities:				
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	1,037,899	\$	4,393,931
Net difference between projected and actual earnings				
on pension plan investments		-		580,702
Changes in the employer's proportion and differences				
between the employer's contributions and the employer's				
proportionate contributions		(380,693)		
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date		4,175,574		
Business-type activities:				
Differences between expected and actual experience		24,868		105,282
Net difference between projected and actual earnings				
on pension plan investments		-		13,914
Changes in the employer's proportion and differences				
between the employer's contributions and the employer's				
proportionate contributions		(9,122)		-
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date		100,050		
	\$	4,948,576	\$	5,093,829

The amount reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date, in the amount of \$4,275,624, will be recognized as a reduction of net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2020.

The average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with pensions through the Plan (active and inactive employees) was determined at January 1, 2019, the beginning of the measurement period ended December 31, 2019 is 4.0527 years.

## 14. Wyoming Retirement System Defined Contribution Plan Continued

<u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense (Revenue), and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred</u> Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions Continued

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense (revenue) as follows:

Year Ending	
June 30	Total
2020	\$ (629,059)
2021	(1,296,947)
2022	(94,633)
2023	(2,010,421)
	\$ (4,031,060)

# **Actuarial Assumptions**

Valuations are based on actuarial assumptions, the benefit formulas, and employee groups. Level percentages of payroll normal costs are determined using the Entry Age Normal Cost Method. Under the Entry Age Normal Cost Method, the actuarial present value of the projected benefits of each individual included in the actuarial valuation is allocated as a level percentage of each year's earnings of the individual between entry age and assumed exit age. The Plan amortizes any unfunded actuarial accrued liability based on a level percentage of payroll. The maximum amortization period of the Plan permitted under Wyoming Code is 30 years.

The total pension liability in the January 1, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all period included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.25%
Salary increases 2.5 - 6.5%, including inflation
Payroll growth rate 2.50%
Investment rate of return 7.00%, net of investment expenses

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 combined mortality table for healthy males or females as appropriate with the following pre-retirement mortality offsets:

- Males: No set back with a 100% multiplier
- Females: No set back with a 100% multiplier

## 14. Wyoming Retirement System Defined Contribution Plan Continued

## **Actuarial Assumptions Continued**

The assumed rate of investment return was adopted by the Plan's trustees after considering input from the Plan's investment consultant and actuary. Additional information about the assumed rate of investment return was included in the Plan's actuarial valuation report as of January 1, 2018. In addition, a five-year experience study was completed as of December 31, 2016 that provided a detailed analysis regarding recommendations on the long-term rate for inflation and the real rate of return. The assumed rate of investment return of 7.00% (real return net of inflation of 3.52%) falls within a reasonable range of the long-term rate of return.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using the building-block approach and a forward-looking model in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These real rates of return are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. For each major asset class that is included in the pension plan target asset allocation for the fiscal year 2019. These best estimates are summarized in the following table:

	Target	Long-Term Expected Real	Long-Term Expected Arithmetic
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return	Real Rate of Return
Cash	2.00%	0.20%	-0.19%
Fixed Income	21.00%	1.32%	1.67%
Equity	48.50%	5.43%	7.42%
Marketable Alternatives	19.00%	3.46%	4.33%
Private Markets	9.50%	4.46%	5.58%
Total	100.00%		

## Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00%. This rate was based on the expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the rate assumed that plan member contributions and employer contributions will be made at the current contribution rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all period of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

## 14. Wyoming Retirement System Defined Contribution Plan Continued

## Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Continued

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rate:

1	% Decrease	Current Rate		1% Increase	
	6.00%	7.00%		8.00%	
	_	'	_		
\$	45,556,890	\$	30,153,526	\$ 17,298,001	

# Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued WRS Plan financial report.

A copy of the Plan's financial statements may be obtained by contacting the Wyoming's Retirement System at 6101 Yellowstone Road, Suite 500, Cheyenne, WY 82002 or on the Plan website at http://retirement.state.wy.us.

## Payables to the Pension Plan

At June 30, 2020, the District reported \$0 payable to the defined benefit pension plan for legally required employer contributions or employee contributions which had been withheld from employee wages but not yet remitted to the Plan.

## 15. Net Position

Restrictions of net position are established to either (1) satisfy legal covenants that require that a portion of the fund balance be segregated or (2) identify the portion of the fund balance that is not appropriable for future expenditures. Specific restrictions on net position are summarized below:

<u>Debt Service</u>: As of June 30, 2009, the District's general obligation bonds were paid in full. During 2009, \$712, 667 was transferred to the Capital Construction Fund in accordance with Wyoming State statutes. The remaining fund balance is reserved for capital outlay expenditures, in accordance with Wyoming State statues.

<u>Major Maintenance</u>: The fund balance is reserved to segregate funds for capital outlay expenditures which meet the Wyoming School Facilities Commission's definition of major maintenance.

#### 15. Net Position, Continued

<u>Capital Construction:</u> The fund balance is reserved for capital outlay expenditures, in accordance with Wyoming State statutes.

# 16. Risk Management

#### Insurance

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the District carries commercial insurance. Settlements did not exceed coverage during the year ended June 30, 2020.

#### Litigation

The District is occasionally named as a defendant in lawsuits arising principally in the normal course of operations. In the opinion of the administration, the outcome of these lawsuits will not have a materially adverse effect on the accompanying district-wide financial statements and accordingly, no provision for loss has been recorded.

# 17. Contingent Liabilities

## School Foundation Program

The Wyoming School Foundation Program provides a guaranteed level of funding to every Wyoming public school district. This "guarantee" is essentially a block grant and is based on a number of factors, the most important of which is the number of students enrolled in the district in the prior year.

Other components having a significant impact on a district's guarantee include special education and pupil transportation costs incurred in the prior year and the number, size and location of certain statutorily defined "small schools" operated by the district. Very small school districts meeting certain enrollment criteria may qualify for additional funding.

Once a district's guarantee is established, that funding level is compared to the district's available local revenue sources. If a district's local revenues turn out to be less than its guarantee, the state of Wyoming makes up the difference through a series of entitlement payments distributed to the district throughout the school year.

A few school districts, on the other hand, have access to local revenues in excess of their guarantees. These districts must rebate the excess to the state of Wyoming – a process known as recapture. All recaptured monies flow into a Foundation Program fund and are eventually redistributed to those districts receiving entitlement payments from the state.

## 18. Economic Dependency

The District receives a large portion of its funding from the State. Any shortfall in property taxes collected by the District is made up by the State. Therefore, the District is economically dependent on the State for its continued operations.

#### 19. Deficit Fund Balances

The Food Services Fund had a deficit fund balance at June 30, 2020 of \$677,192.

## 20. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position and Balance Sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position and fund balance that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. See Note 14 for the detail of these deferred outflows of resources.

In addition to liabilities, the Statement of Net Position and Balance Sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position and fund balance that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. See Note 14 for the detail of these deferred inflows of resources.

# 21. OPEB – Lincoln School District Employee Group Benefits Plan

# Plan Description

Lincoln School District #2's Employee Group Benefits Plan is a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan administered by Blue Cross Blue Shield of Wyoming. Blue Cross Blue Shield provides medical and prescription drug insurance benefits to eligible retirees and their eligible dependents. A retiree who retires under normal retirement eligibility tier 1 is eligible to keep the District's health insurance as a retiree until age 60, or under tier 2 is eligible until age 65 or until the retiree is eligible for coverage under Medicare. Retirement eligibility is determined based on a minimum of reaching age 50 with at least 4 years of membership with a PERSI employer. The retiree is on the same medical plan as the District's active employees.

# 21. OPEB (Continued)

## Funding Policy

The contribution requirement of plan members is established by the District's insurance committee in conjunction with our insurance provider. The required contribution is based on a projected pay-as-you-go financing requirements. For fiscal year 2020, the District contributed approximately \$3,653 of the annual required contribution of \$3,653. Retirees are required to pay 100% of the premiums for both the retiree and the dependent coverage.

	Annual				
	Accrued	Required	Participant Counts		
	Liability	Contribution			
Active Participants	\$ (37,360)	\$ (3,653)	331		
Retirees, Spouses, and					
Surviving Spouses	-	-			
	\$ (37,360)	\$ (3,653)	331		

# Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

The District does not pre-fund benefits. The current funding policy is to pay benefits directly from general assets on a pay-as-you-go basis and there is not a trust for accumulating plan assets. The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used in the June 30, 2020 accounting valuation:

## 21. OPEB (Continued)

## Actuarial Methods and Assumptions (Continued)

Valuation Timing Actuarial valuations are performed biennially as of June 30, 2019 for

accounting purposes only. The most recent valuation was performed as

of June 30, 2019.

Actuarial Cost Method Entry age normal

Projected Payroll

Increases

2.50%

Discount Rate 3.50%

Health Cost Trend

Rates

Medical with vision and prescription trend is 7.5% from the year ending June 30, 2019, then gradually decreasing to an ultimate rate of 3.8% for 2076 and beyond. Prescription trend is 7.5% from the year ending June 30, 2019, then gradually lowering to 3.8% for 2076 and beyond, as shown in the June 30, 2010 valuation report.

shown in the June 30, 2019 valuation report.

Retirement Retirement rates according to the retirement system show 15% of retirees

eligible under age 50, 15% of retirees first year eligible at age 50, and

increasing in percentage to 100% at age 80.

Participation 20% of future retirees are assumed to elect medical coverage under

COBRA for 18 months before leaving the District's plan. 70% of the future retirees who elect medical coverage are married and are assumed

to elect spousal coverage as well.

Mortality Pre-Retirement mortality is assumed to follow the RP 2000 Healthy

Combined Mortality Table, fully generational projected using the Scale BB with males set back 5 years with a multiplier of 104% and females set back 4 years with a multiplier of 90%. Post-Retirement mortality is assumed to follow the RP 2000 Healthy Combined Mortality Table, fully generational projected using the Scale BB with males set back 1 year

with a multiplier of 104% and females with a multiplier of 90%.

Retiree Contributions The retiree contributions are a weighted average of all retiree

contributions for the period July 1, 2018 to June 30, 2019. The cost of Medical and Prescription Drug was \$6,200 for a retiree or surviving

spouse, and \$10,236 for a spouse.

# 21. OPEB (Continued)

Total OPEB Liability		une 30, 2020
Actuarially Determined Contribution (ADC)	\$	(3,653)
Total OPEB Liability (TOL)	\$	(37,360)
Covered Employee Payroll	\$	17,862,517
TOL as a Percentage of Payroll	roll (0.21%)	
Participants		331

The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of the valuation date, calculated based on the discount rate and actuarial assumptions below, and was then projected forward to the measurement date. There have been no significant changes between the valuation date and the fiscal year end. Any significant changes during this period must be reflected as prescribed by GASB 75.

Discount Rate	
Discount Rate	2.53%
20 Year Tax-Exempt Municipal Bond Index	2.53%

The discount rate was based on the 20-year Municipal Bond Index on June 30, 2019.

# Changes in total OPEB Liability

The calculations for the Lincoln County School District Employee Group Benefits Plan have been completed in accordance with GASB 75 as of the measurement date. The following disclosure exhibit is also provided:

	Increase (Decrease)	
	To	otal OPEB
Changes in total OPEB liability	Liability	
Balance as of June 30, 2019	\$	(33,184)
Changes for the year:		
Service Cost		(1,763)
Interest		(1,192)
Differences in experience		-
Changes of assumptions or other inputs		(1,221)
Benefit payments (estimated)		-
Net Change in TOL		(4,176)
Balance as of June 30, 2020	\$	(37,360)

# 21. OPEB (Continued)

# Sensitivity Analysis

The following presents the total OPEB Liability of the school district, calculated using the discount rate of 3.5%, as well as what the school district's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current trend rates.

	1% Decrease 2.50%		Discount Rate 3.50%		1% Increase 4.50%	
Total June 30, 2019 OPEB liability	\$	(39,695)	\$	(37,360)	\$	(35,025)

Other Post-employment benefits Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows for Resources Related to Other Post-employment Benefits

# Schedule of Deferred Inflow/Outflows of Resources

	Deferred Outflows		Deferred Inflow	S
	of Resources		of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	-
Changes in assumptions or other inputs				-
	\$	_	\$	-

Amounts currently reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other post-employment benefits will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

_	Year ended June 30:	
_	2019	\$ -
	2020	\$ (92)
	2021	\$ (92)
	2022	\$ (92)
	2023	\$ (92)
	Thereafter	\$ (853)



# LINCOLN COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT #2 BUDGET AND ACTUAL (WITH VARIANCES) - GENERAL FUND For the year ended June 30, 2020

For the year ended June 30, 2020					
	BUDGETED AMOUNTS		ACTUAL	VARIANCE FAVORABLE	
	ORIGINAL	FINAL	AMOUNTS	(UNFAVORABLE)	
REVENUES					
Property taxes	\$ 9,687,551	\$ 10,692,947	\$ 11,200,633	\$ 507,686	
Intergovernmental-State	33,421,745	31,715,022	31,755,972	40,950	
Intergovernmental-Federal	-	-	-	- (22.100)	
Investment earnings	49,585	100,000	66,802	(33,198)	
Other county sources	660,258	660,256	712,663	52,407	
Other local sources	1,788,204	2,095,253	2,498,871	403,618	
TOTAL REVENUES	45,607,343	45,263,478	46,234,941	971,463	
EXPENDITURES					
Regular instruction	18,373,002	18,380,403	18,214,600	165,803	
Special instruction	7,934,294	7,975,784	7,779,957	195,827	
Vocational instruction	-	- ·	-	-	
Pupil services	3,579,380	3,345,022	3,255,041	89,981	
Staff services	2,265,610	2,147,332	2,327,283	(179,951)	
Central administration	599,795	613,405	549,404	64,001	
School administration	2,407,205	2,401,021	2,377,375	23,646	
Business administration	469,257	510,157	502,389	7,768	
General maintenance	4,913,111	4,913,055	4,519,042	394,013	
Community support	6,000	2,000	574	1,426	
Transportation	4,421,301	4,421,301	4,192,668	228,633	
Food service	-	8,000	2,220	5,780	
Capital Construction	513,388	420,998		420,998	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	45,482,343	45,138,478	43,720,553	1,417,925	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over expenditures	125,000	125,000	2,514,388	2,389,388	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (US	SES)				
Transfers in	-	-	-	-	
Transfers out	(125,000)	(125,000)	(3,017,770)	(2,892,770)	
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING					
SOURCES (USES)	(125,000)	(125,000)	(3,017,770)	(2,892,770)	
SPECIAL ITEM Proceeds from sale of assets	_	<u>-</u>	13,738	13,738	
Trocceds from said of dissels			13,730		
Net change in fund balances	\$ -	\$ -	(489,644)	\$ (489,644)	
Fund balances - Beginning			11,203,066		
FUND BALANCES - Ending			\$ 10,713,422		

# LINCOLN COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT #2 BUDGET AND ACTUAL (WITH VARIANCES) - MAJOR MAINTENANCE For the year ended June 30, 2020

•	BUDGETED AMOUNTS		ACTUAL	VARIANCE FAVORABLE	
	ORIGINAL	FINAL	<b>AMOUNTS</b>	(UNFAVORABLE)	
REVENUES					
Property taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
Intergovernmental-State	2,100,000	2,144,000	1,679,706	(464,294)	
Intergovernmental-Federal	-	-	-	-	
Investment earnings	4,000	1,500	6,413	4,913	
Other county sources	-	-	-	-	
Other local sources				<u> </u>	
TOTAL REVENUES	2,104,000	2,145,500	1,686,119	(459,381)	
EXPENDITURES					
Regular instruction	-	-	-	-	
Special instruction	-	-	-	-	
Vocational instruction	-	-	-	-	
Pupil services	-	-	-	-	
Staff services	-	-	-	-	
Central administration	-	-	-	-	
School administration	-	-	-	-	
Business administration	-	-	-	-	
General maintenance	2,100,000	1,020,000	178,112	841,888	
Community support	-	-	-	-	
Transportation	-	-	-	-	
Food service	-	-	-	-	
Capital Construction				<u> </u>	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	2,100,000	1,020,000	178,112	841,888	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over expenditures	4,000	1,125,500	1,508,007	382,507	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES	)				
Transfers in	-	-	-	-	
Transfers out				<u> </u>	
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING					
SOURCES (USES)				<u> </u>	
SPECIAL ITEM					
Proceeds from sale of assets				<u> </u>	
Net change in fund balances	\$ 4,000	\$ 1,125,500	1,508,007	\$ 382,507	
Fund balances - Beginning			158,500		
FUND BALANCES - Ending			\$ 1,666,507		

# LINCOLN COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT #2 BUDGET AND ACTUAL (WITH VARIANCES) - CAPITAL CONSTRUCTION For the year ended June 30, 2020

•	BUDGETED AMOUNTS		ACTUAL	VARIANCE FAVORABLE	
	ORIGINAL	FINAL	<b>AMOUNTS</b>	(UNFAVORABLE)	
REVENUES				,	
Property taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
Intergovernmental-State	_	_	123,996	123,996	
Intergovernmental-Federal	-	-	-	· -	
Investment earnings	-	-	12	12	
Other county sources	-	-	-	-	
Other local sources					
TOTAL REVENUES			124,008	124,008	
EXPENDITURES					
Regular instruction	_	_	_	<u>-</u>	
Special instruction	_	_	_	_	
Vocational instruction	_	_	_	_	
Pupil services	_	_	_	_	
Staff services	_	<del>-</del>	_	<u>-</u>	
Central administration	=	_	_	=	
School administration	_	_	_	<u>-</u>	
Business administration	_	_	_	<u>-</u>	
General maintenance	-	_	_	-	
Community support	-	_	_	-	
Transportation	-	_	_	-	
Food service	-	_	_	-	
Capital Construction	1,500,000	2,500,000	2,931,585	(431,585)	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	1,500,000	2,500,000	2,931,585	(431,585)	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over expenditures	(1,500,000)	(2,500,000)	(2,807,577)	(307,577)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers in	1,500,000	2,500,000	2,931,585	431,585	
Transfers out	-	-	-	-	
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	1,500,000	2,500,000	2,931,585	431,585	
Sockets (osts)	1,500,000	2,300,000	2,731,303	451,505	
SPECIAL ITEM Proceeds from sale of assets					
Net change in fund balances	\$ -	\$ -	124,008	\$ 124,008	
Fund balances - Beginning			_		
FUND BALANCES - Ending			\$ 124,008		

# LINCOLN COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT #2 BUDGET AND ACTUAL (WITH VARIANCES) - LOCAL, STATE AND FEDERAL GRANTS For the year ended June 30, 2020

For the year ended June 30, 2020	BUDGETED AMOUNTS		ACTUAL	VARIANCE FAVORABLE	
	ORIGINAL	FINAL	<b>AMOUNTS</b>	(UNFAVORABLE)	
REVENUES					
Property taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
Intergovernmental-State	-	-	-	-	
Intergovernmental-Federal	2,081,983	2,081,983	1,786,809	(295,174)	
Investment earnings	-	-	-	-	
Other county sources	-	-	-	-	
Other local sources	66,000	66,000	212,486	146,486	
TOTAL REVENUES	2,147,983	2,147,983	1,999,295	(148,688)	
EXPENDITURES					
Regular instruction	927,672	927,672	840,276	87,396	
Special instruction	724,788	724,788	669,883	54,905	
Vocational instruction	66,403	66,403	66,116	287	
Pupil services	-	-	· -	=	
Staff services	389,130	389,130	388,429	701	
Central administration	-	=	-	=	
School administration	-	-	-	-	
Business administration	-	-	-	-	
General maintenance	-	-	-	-	
Community support	-	-	-	-	
Transportation	39,990	39,990	34,591	5,399	
Food service	-	-	-	-	
Capital Construction				<del>-</del>	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	2,147,983	2,147,983	1,999,295	148,688	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	<u>-</u> _		<u>-</u> _		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (US	ES)				
Transfers in	-	-	-	-	
Transfers out				<u> </u>	
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
SPECIAL ITEM Proceeds from sale capital assets					
Net change in fund balances	\$ -	\$ -	-	\$ -	
Fund balances - Beginning					
FUND BALANCES - Ending			\$ -	:	

Lincoln County School District No. 2 Notes to Budgetary Comparison Schedules June 30, 2020

# 1. Basis of Presentation

The budgetary comparison schedules have been prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting, which is the same budgetary basis used by the District.

# 2. Excess of Actual Expenditures over Budget

Actual expenditures exceeded the budget in the Capital Construction fund. Additional monies were available to cover the overage.

# LINCOLN SCHOOL DISTRICT #2 SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Total OPEB Liability	2020	2019	
Service Cost	\$ (1,763)	\$	(2,430)
Interest	(1,192)		(1,225)
Plan Design Changes	-		-
Differences in experience	-		590
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	(1,221)		3,669
Benefit payments			-
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability	(4,176)		605
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning	(33,184)		(33,789)
Total OPEB Liability - Ending	\$ (37,360)	\$	(33,184)
Covered payroll	\$ 17,862,517	\$ 1	7,426,846
Total OPEB Liability as a percentage of covered payroll.	(0.21%)		(0.19%)

<sup>\*</sup>GASB Statement No. 75 requires ten years of information to be presented in this table. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District will present information for those years for which information is available.

Data is measured as of June 30, 2020, and 2019

# Lincoln County School District No. 2 Schedule of Employer's Share of Net Pension Liability-WRS Public Employees' Pension Plan Last 10 Fiscal Years\*

	2020 2019		2018	
Employer's portion of net the pension liability	1.2831690%	1.2980157%	1.3160015%	
Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 30,153,526	\$ 39,528,354	\$ 29,996,155	
Employer's covered-employee payroll	\$ 22,304,207	\$ 22,603,056	\$ 23,377,156	
Employer's proportional share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	135.19%	174.88%	128.31%	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	76.83%	69.17%	76.35%	
	2017	2016	2015	
Employer's portion of net the pension liability	<b>2017</b> 1.3085887%	<b>2016</b> 1.293620801%	2015 1.303130516%	
liability Employer's proportionate share of the net	1.3085887%	1.293620801%	1.303130516%	
liability Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability	1.3085887% \$ 31,635,135	1.293620801% \$ 30,132,928	1.303130516% \$ 22,996,243	

<sup>\*</sup>GASB Statement No. 68 requires ten years of information to be presented in this table. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District will present information for those years for which information is available.

Data reported is measured as of December 31, 2019, 2018, 2017, 2016, 2015, and 2014.

# Lincoln County School District No. 2 Schedule of Employer's Share of Net Pension Liability-WRS Public Employees' Pension Plan Last 10 Fiscal Years\*

	2020	2019	2018
Employer's portion of net the pension liability	1.2831690%	1.2980157%	1.3160015%
Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 30,153,526	\$ 39,528,354	\$ 29,996,155
Employer's covered-employee payroll	\$ 22,304,207	\$ 22,603,056	\$ 23,377,156
Employer's proportional share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	135.19%	174.88%	128.31%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	76.83%	69.17%	76.35%
	2017	2016	2015
Employer's portion of net the pension liability	1.3085887%	1.293620801%	1.303130516%
Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 31,635,135	\$ 30,132,928	\$ 22,996,243
Employer's covered-employee payroll	\$ 23,330,896	\$ 22,561,703	\$ 22,275,875
Employer's proportional share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	125.500/	122.5(0)	102 220/
2 2 2	135.59%	133.56%	103.23%

<sup>\*</sup>GASB Statement No. 68 requires ten years of information to be presented in this table. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District will present information for those years for which information is available.

Data reported is measured as of December 31, 2019, 2018, 2017, 2016, 2015, and 2014.

Lincoln County School District No. 2 Notes to WRS Public Employees' Pension Plan Schedules For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

# Methods and Assumptions Used in Calculations of Actuarially Determined Contributions

The actuarially determined contribution rates in the employer's contributions are calculated as of January 1, 2019. The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used to determine contribution rates reported in that schedule.

	WRS Public Employees' Pension
	Plan
Valuation Date	1/1/2019
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Amortization method	Level percent closed
Remaining amortization period	29 years
Asset valuation method	5-year
A strongial assumentions	
Actuarial assumptions	
Investment Rate of Return - Gross	7.00%
Projected salary increases	2.50% - 6.50%
Includes salary inflation	2.25%



# LINCOLN COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT #2 STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AGENCY FUNDS June 30, 2020

	ALANCE 07/01/19	RI	ECEIPTS	DISBU	JRSEMENTS	ALANCE 06/30/20
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 688,390	\$	467,501	\$	527,489	\$ 628,402
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -
Due to student organizations						
Elementary Schools:						
Afton	13,648		11,868		10,012	15,504
Thayne	10,679		8,330		8,752	10,257
Osmond	18,570		47,700		49,876	16,394
Etna	41,014		32,293		36,105	37,202
Cokeville	24,287		4,422		5,144	23,565
Middle Schools:						
Star Valley Middle School	11,214		19,332		25,365	5,181
High Schools						
Star Valley High School	427,268		269,840		313,434	383,674
Cokeville High School	141,003		73,525		78,801	135,727
Swift Creek High School	 707		191	· <u> </u>	<u> </u>	898
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$ 688,390	\$	467,501	\$	527,489	\$ 628,402







Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Trustees Lincoln County School District No. 2 Afton, Wyoming 83110

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Lincoln County School District No. 2 as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Lincoln County School District No. 2's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated December 9, 2020.

# **Internal Control over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Lincoln County School District No. 2's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Lincoln County School District No. 2's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified. We did identify certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2020-001 that we consider to be a significant deficiency.

# **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Lincoln School District No. 2's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions

of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

# **Entity's Response to Findings**

Lincoln County School District No. 2's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Lincoln County School District No. 2's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

# Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Rexburg, Idaho

December 9, 2020

Searle Hart + associates PLLC

# Lincoln County School District No. 2 Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards June 30, 2020

N.	CEDA N. I	D 41 1N 1	Passed Through to	F 124	
Name	CFDA Number	Passthrough Number	Subrecipients	Expenditures	
Passed through Wyoming Department of Education					
U.S. Department of Education					
Title I-A - Local Education Agencies (Basic)	84.010	201202T1SUBR1900	\$ -	\$ 804,099	
Title VI-B - Federal Special Education K-12	84.027	201202PSCHSUBR1900	_	537,155	
Title VI-B - Federal Special Education Preschool	84.173	201202SPEDSUBR1900	_	9,401	
Total Special Education Cluster (IDEA)				546,556	
Title II-A - Teacher Quality	84.367	201202T2SUBR1900	_	246,688	
Title IV-Part A	84.424	201202T4SUBR1900	-	81,804	
Title III Immigrant	84.365	201202T3LEA1900	-	5,023	
21st Century Grant - CCLC	84.287	191202CCLCSUBR18B2	-	157,649	
CTE Grant	84.048	191202CTEA5	-	33,740	
Carl Perkins Federal Vocational Education	84.048	201202PERKSUBS1900		67,916	
Total U.S. Department of Education				1,943,475	
U.S. Department of Agriculture					
USDA School Lunch	10.555	1202000	-	356,806	
USDA School Breakfast	10.553	1202000	-	99,062	
USDA Value of Commodities	10.555	1202000	-	69,740	
<b>Total Child Nutrition Cluster</b>			-	525,608	
USDA Fresh Fruits and Vegetable Program	10.582	1202000	-	60,638	
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture				586,246	
TOTAL FEDERAL FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE			\$ -	\$ 2,529,721	

# Lincoln County School District No. 2 Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Year Ended June 30, 2020

## 1. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal grant activity of Lincoln County School District No. 2 and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the basic financial statements. Because the schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of Lincoln County School District No. 2, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net assets, or cash flows of Lincoln County School District No. 2.

# 2. Nonmonetary Transactions

Nonmonetary assistance is reported for the Commodity Food Distribution Program at the fair market value of the commodities received, as established by the Wyoming Department of Education. The District held an undetermined amount of those commodities as part of its food inventory at June 30, 2020.

# 3. Indirect Cost Rates

Lincoln County School District No. 2 has elected not to use the 10 percent *de minimis* indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.



# Report on Compliance For Each Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required By The Uniform Guidance

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Trustees Lincoln County School District No. 2 Afton, Wyoming 83110

# Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Lincoln County School District No. 2's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the OMB Compliance Supplement that could have a direct and material effect on each of Lincoln County School District No. 2's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2020. Lincoln County School District No. 2's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

# Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to each of its federal programs.

# Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Lincoln County School District No. 2's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Lincoln County School District No. 2's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination on Lincoln County School District No. 2's compliance.

# Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Lincoln County School District No. 2 complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2020.

# Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of Lincoln County School District No. 2 is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Lincoln County School District No. 2's internal control over compliance with types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Lincoln County School District No. 2's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we considered to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Searle Hart + associates PLLC

December 9, 2020

Lincoln County School District No. 2 Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended June 30, 2020

<u>Section I – Summary of Auditor's Results:</u>

## Financial Statements

The Report of Independent Auditor expresses an unmodified opinion on the basic financial statements of Lincoln County School District No. 2

The audit identified one significant deficiency in internal control over financial reporting (2020-001).

The audit identified no significant deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that are considered to be material weaknesses.

The audit identified no instances of noncompliance material to the financial statements of Lincoln County School District No. 2.

## Federal Awards

The report of independent auditor expresses an unmodified opinion on compliance for major programs.

The audit identified no significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance for major programs.

The audit identified no significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance for major programs that are considered to be material weaknesses.

The audit disclosed no compliance findings that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a).

Identification of Major Programs:

CFDA Number	Name of Federal Program		
84.027 & 84.173	Special Education Cluster (IDEA)		

The dollar threshold used to distinguish type A and B programs was \$750,000.

The auditee did qualify as a low-risk auditee.

# **Lincoln County School District No. 2 Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs** Year Ended June 30, 2020

# Section II – Financial Statement Findings:

This section identifies the audit findings (significant deficiencies, material weaknesses, and instances of noncompliance material to the financial statements) related to the basic financial statements.

# **Finding 2020-001**

Condition	The size of the Distr	ict's staff is not large	enough to permit a	complete
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segregation of duties for an effective system of internal controls.

An effective system of internal controls requires that closely related duties Criteria

be segregated.

Context Because of review by the Board of District financial transactions, the risk is

reduced but errors could still occur and not be detected in the normal course

of business.

The concentration of closely related duties and responsibilities by a small **Effect** 

staff makes it difficult to establish an adequate system of automatic internal

checks on the accuracy and reliability of the accounting records.

Cause The District's staff is too small to allow a complete segregation of duties.

Recommendation Although the District is not large enough to permit a complete segregation

of duties for an effective system of internal accounting control, we recommend that officials be aware that the condition does exist and take steps to identify opportunities to further segregate duties where possible.

Managements

Although the District recognizes the importance of segregation of duties for proper internal control, the District does not believe it would be cost Response

effective to increase its staff size simply to provide greater segregation of duties. The District will be cognizant of opportunities that arise to further

segregate duties within the limitations of the District's size.

Lincoln County School District No. 2 Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs, Continued Year Ended June 30, 2020

<u>Section III – Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs:</u>

None

Lincoln County School District No. 2 Status of Prior Year Findings Year Ended June 30, 2020

# **Finding 2019-001**

The size of the District's staff is not large enough to permit a complete segregation of duties for an effective system of internal controls. Condition

This condition existed again in the current year Status