

## CHAPTER 6 SECTION 3 WORKSHEET

### Section 3

1. On which side did more Native Americans join during the Revolution War?
  - a. Why?
2. What was Henry Hamilton known as?
  - a. Why?
3. What two British forts did George Rogers Clark capture?
4. What was the purpose of a blockade?
5. How many ships did the American navy have?
6. What was a privateer?
  - a. How many ships did Congress authorize to sail as privateers?
7. Who was the daring American naval officer who raided British ports?
  - a. What quote is he famous for when asked to surrender?
8. By \_\_\_\_\_ the \_\_\_\_\_ realized that bringing the \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_ back into the \_\_\_\_\_ would not be \_\_\_\_\_. As a  
result, the \_\_\_\_\_ their \_\_\_\_\_ and planned a hard-hitting  
\_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_ the war.
9. Why did the British concentrate their efforts in the South?
10. What two major southern cities did the British capture in late 1778 & 1780?
11. Which battle marked the worst American defeat of the war?
12. Which British General was placed in command of British forces in the South?
13. What is guerrilla warfare?
14. What was Francis Marion's nickname?
15. Give three ways that Bernardo de Galvez helped the colonies.
  - a.
  - b.
  - c.
16. What British posts (4) did Galvez capture?
  - a. How did this help the American Revolution?
17. Which victory brought new support for independence from Southerners?
18. In October 1780 who replaced Horatio Gates as commander of the  
Continental forces in the South?
19. In 1781 who was the governor of Virginia that was nearly captured by the  
British?
20. Where did General Cornwallis set up camp in Virginia to wait for supplies  
and orders?
21. From your reading of section 3, give three reasons why the British were not  
successful in the South.
  - a.
  - b.
  - c.